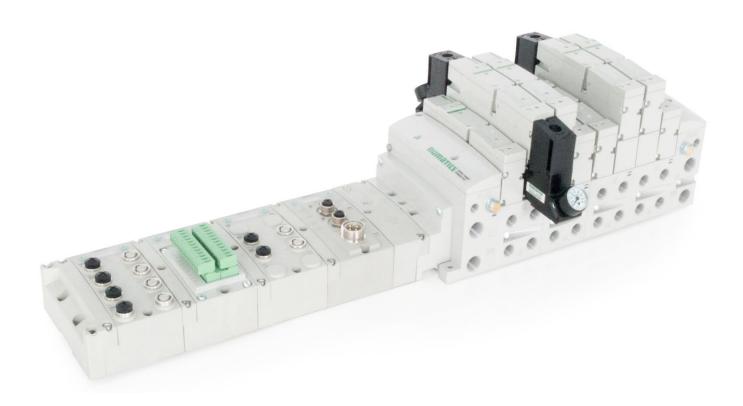
# 

# G3 Series EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> Technical Manual







### Conditions for use of this product

- (1) Numatics G3 Manifold ("the PRODUCT") shall be used in conditions;
- i) Where any problem, fault or failure occurring in the PRODUCT, if any, shall not lead to any major or serious accident.
- ii) Where the backup and fail-safe function are systematically or automatically provided outside of the PRODUCT for the case of any problem, fault or failure occurring in the PRODUCT.
- (2) The PRODUCT has been designed and manufactured for the purpose of being used in general industries.

Numatics Incorporated shall have no responsibility or liability including but not limited to any and all responsibility or liability based on contract, warranty, tort, product liability for any injury or death to persons, loss or damage to property caused by the product that are operated or used in application not intended or excluded by instructions, precautions or warnings contained in Numatics Inc. Technical, User, Instruction, Safety manuals or bulletins.

### Safety precautions

Before using this product, please read this manual and the relevant manuals carefully and pay attention to safety and product application. The following symbols are used in the manual to identify important safety, installation and application information.



Caution symbol indicates a possible hazard which may cause injury or equipment damage.



Note symbol indicates important information regarding equipment installation and setup





### Electrical installation and operational guidelines

- To be connected to Class 2 power source only
- All Numatics Inc. communication nodes should be grounded during the installation process. These grounding guidelines can be found in National Electrical code IEC 60204-1 or EN 60204-1.
- All Numatics G3 Electronics Products to be installed or wired in accordance with Numatics's published instructions and applicable electrical codes.
- MULTIPLE CLASS 2 POWER SOURCES: When interconnects, class 2 sources shall be Listed and rated suitable for parallel interconnection
- Sources shall be Listed and rated suitable for parallel interconnection
- CLASS 2 WIRING: All field wiring shall be suitable for Class 1, Electric Light and Power, or Class 2, 3 wirings are routed separately and secured to maintain separation between 1) Class 2 wiring and all other class wiring, and 2) Limited energy circuit conductors from unlimited energy circuit conductors
- Class 2 Device Wiring Only Do Not Reclassify and Install as Class 1, 3 or Power and Lighting Wiring
- When using molded connector power cables, <u>Do Not</u> rely on wire colors for Pin-Out. <u>Always use pin number references.</u>
- Wire connections shall be rated suitable for the wire size (lead and building wiring) employed
- MULTIPLE CLASS 2 POWER SOURCES: When interconnects, class 2 sources shall be Listed and rated suitable for parallel interconnection
- Sources shall be Listed and rated suitable for parallel interconnection



# **Table of Contents**

	T. 1. 17. 17.	
	ut EtherNet/IP	
1.1	Overview	
1.2	G3 EtherNet/IP <sup>TM</sup> Features	
1.3	G3 EtherNet/IP <sup>TM</sup> Performance Data	
	Introduction	
2.1	G3 Electronics Modularity	
2.2 2.3	500 Series Pneumatic Valve Manifold	
	500 Series Z-Board <sup>TM</sup> Connectors	
2.4 2.5	2000 Series Pneumatic Valve Manifold	
2.5	2000 Series Z-Board <sup>TM</sup> Connectors	
2.6	2000 Series Z-Board <sup>TM</sup> and Ribbon Cable Example	
2.8	2000 Series Z-Board <sup>TM</sup> and Valve Side Sub-D Example	
	nmunication Module	
3.1	EtherNet/IP Communication Module (Node)	
3.2	Communication Module Description	
3.3	Connector Pin-Outs	
3.4	Electrical Connections	
3.5	Ground Wiring	
3.6	Power Consumption	
3.7	Diagnostics	
	Graphic Display	
4.1	Main Menu Structure	
4.2	IP Address	
4.3	Subnet Mask	
4.4	Gateway IP	
4.5	DHCP-BOOTP	
4.6	Web-Server	
4.7	MAC Address	
4.8	Advanced Settings – Comm. Fault	
4.9	Advanced Settings - Brightness	
4.10		
4.11		
4.12	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
4.13	ě	
4.14		
4.15	<u> </u>	
4.16	·	
4.17	8	
4.18	e	
5. ARM	M – Auto Recovery Module (Optional)	
5.1	ARM process flowchart	
6. Distr	ribution	
6.1	Sub-Bus Distribution Modules	
6.2	Sub-Bus Cables	
	ital I/O Module	
7.1	Digital I/O Module Usage	
7.2	I/O Module Technical Data	
7.3	I/O Module Descriptions and Menus	
7.4	Digital Input Modules	
7.5	Digital Output Modules	
7.6	Digital Input/Output Modules	
7.7	Sub-bus Valve Module	
7.8	Sub-bus Valve Module without Distribution and I/O	



7.9	Valve Side Digital Output Module	
8. Analo	og I/O Modules	76
8.1	Analog I/O Module Rules	76
8.2	Analog Graphic Display	80
8.3	Analog Module / Self Test Mode	83
8.4	Analog Module / Factory Defaults	84
9. Specia	ialty Modules	85
9.1	RTD Module	85
9.2	Sub-Bus Hub Module	96
10. I/O	Module Wiring Diagrams	104
10.1	NPN/PNP Definitions	104
11. Ethe	erNet/IPTM G3 Web Server	106
11.1	Integrated Web Page Configuration	
11.2	Connecting to a G3 Series EtherNet/IPTM Node (Windows XP)	106
11.3	Connecting to a G3 Series EtherNet/IPTM Node (Windows 7)	110
11.4	EtherNet/IPTM Web Server functionality	
11.5	IP Address Configuration	
11.6	Configuration with RSLogix 5000	125
11.7	User Configurable Device Parameters	
11.8	Communication Fault/Idle Mode Parameter	
12. Ethe	erNet/IPTM Mapping	129
12.1	I/O Sizes	
12.2	Manifold and I/O Data Sizing Worksheet	130
12.3	Bit Mapping Rules	
12.4	Example No. 1	132
12.5	Example No. 2	
12.6	Example No. 3	136
12.7	Example No. 4	138
12.8	Example No. 5	140
12.9	I/O Mapped Diagnostic Word	
13. Appe	endix	144
13.1	System Specifications	
13.2	Factory Default Settings	
13.3	Troubleshooting	
13.4	Glossary of Terms	
13.5	•	1/10



### 1. About EtherNet/IP

### 1.1 Overview

EtherNet/IP<sup>TM</sup> is a communication protocol that uses the same network technology that can be found in commercial and domestic operations worldwide, but has added benefits/features toward manufacturing applications. It is a CIP (common industrial protocol) Network that follows the Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) model.

The ODVA (Open DeviceNet Vendor Association) is an independent organization that governs the EtherNet/IP<sup>TM</sup> specification and oversees conformance testing for products.

EtherNet/IP<sup>TM</sup> uses industrial M12 IP67-rated connectors. The protocol can transfer data at two interface speeds of 10 Mbps and 100 Mbps. Maximum network cabling distance is limited to 100m segments at 20° C.

More information about EtherNet/IPTM and ODVA can be obtained from the ODVA web site www.odva.org

Device level ring or DLR network technology for industrial applications takes advantage of embedded switch functionality within the associated EtherNet/IP<sup>TM</sup> communication modules. Unlike a network- or switch-level ring topology that provides resilience to the network infrastructure, DLR technology adds device-level network resilience to optimize machine operation. When a DLR network detects a break in the ring, it provides alternate routing of the data to help recover the network at extremely fast rates. Enhanced diagnostics built into DLR-enabled products identify the point of failure, helping to speed maintenance and reduce mean time to repair.

### 1.2 G3 EtherNet/IP<sup>TM</sup> Features

Features	Description
EtherNet/IP <sup>TM</sup> Spec. Supported	Designed to EtherNet/IPTM and DLR Specification
Bus Topology	Star and Multi-Star and Ring
Baud Rates Supported	10/100 Mbps and Autobaud
CE	CE Compliant
Duplicate Address	If a duplicate address is detected on power up, duplicates will not
Detection	progress to run mode
Address Setting	Via DHCP/BOOTP, Web Page Configuration, Graphical Display or optional Manual Configuration Module (MCM)
Duplex	Half and Full supported
Conformance Tested	Tested by ODVA for conformance
Protocols supported	ACD, ARP, DHCP, HTTP, TCP/IP, UDP

### 1.3 G3 EtherNet/IP<sup>TM</sup> Performance Data

Features	Description
CIP connections consumed	1
CIP connections available	16
Packets per second (PPS)	10,000
RPI	≥ 5ms
Connection Type	Multicast, Unicast



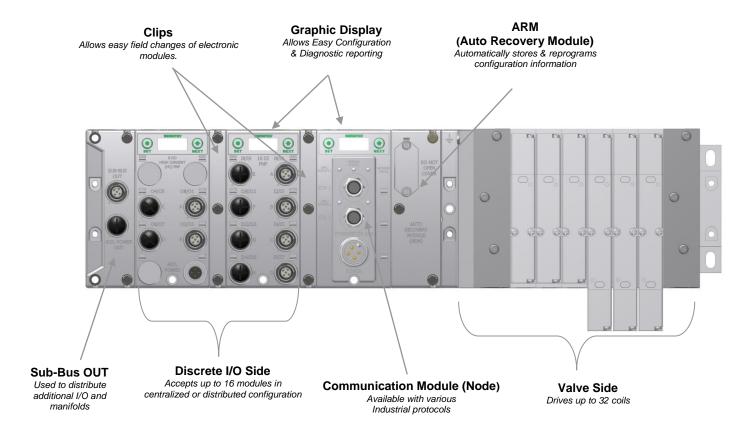
### 2. G3 Introduction

The G3 Series is an electronic product platform that features an integrated graphic display for simple commissioning and displaying of diagnostic information. In addition it has an innovative distribution capability which allows the same I/O components that make up a centralized manifold configuration to be used as the distribution components as well, decreasing the need for duplicate components on centralized and distributed applications. The G3 platform interfaces to a variety of valve series and fieldbus interface protocols and is capable of addressing a total of 1200 I/O points (150 bytes). With proper assembly and termination the G3 modules will have an IP65 / IP67 rating.

The manifold can be viewed as having two sections to it, the *Valve Side* and the *Discrete I/O Side*. The *Valve Side* supports a maximum of 32 solenoid coils and the *Discrete I/O Side* supports a maximum of 16 modules capable of addressing up to 1200 outputs, 1200 inputs or various combinations.

Various discrete modules with integrated graphic display are available. They include digital I/O, analog I/O, and specialty modules which cover various application needs. Pin-outs for all connectors are labeled on the side of the respective modules and are also detailed in the module section of this document.

This manual details specific information for configuring and commissioning the Numatics G3 Series product line. For more information relating to pneumatic valves and valve manifold assemblies, please refer to the Numatics "In Control" catalog at <a href="https://www.numatics.com">www.numatics.com</a>.



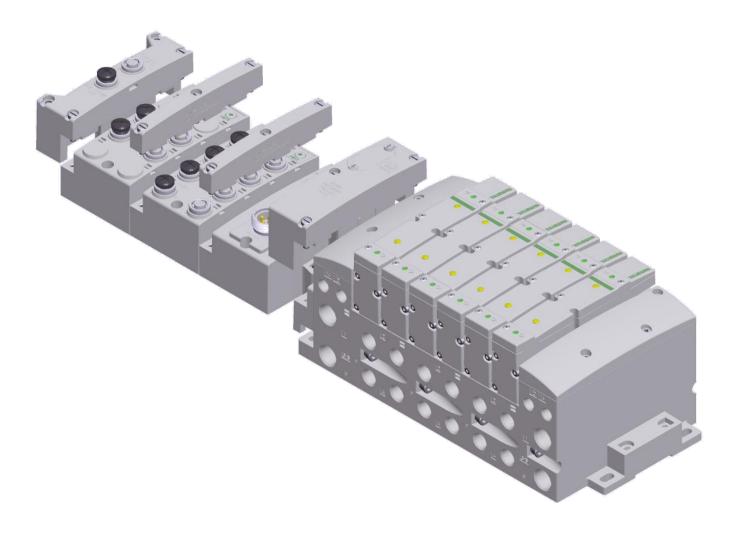


# **NUM 27165** G3 Series EtherNet/IP Technical Manual

### 2.1 G3 Electronics Modularity

Discrete I/O

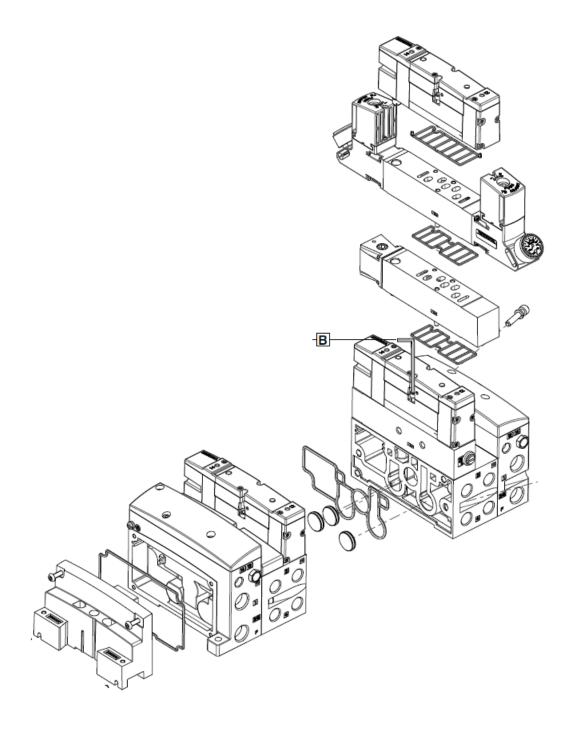
The G3 Series product line is a completely modular and scalable system. As shown below, all of the G3 electronic modules plug together, via mechanical clips, allowing for easy assembly and field changes.





### 2.2 500 Series Pneumatic Valve Manifold

The pneumatic valve manifold with internal circuit board technology is also modular. The valve solenoid coil connections are automatically made using Z-Board™ technology (plug together PC boards), which allow internal connection from solenoid coils to output drivers without the use of wires). This allows easy assembly and field changes.

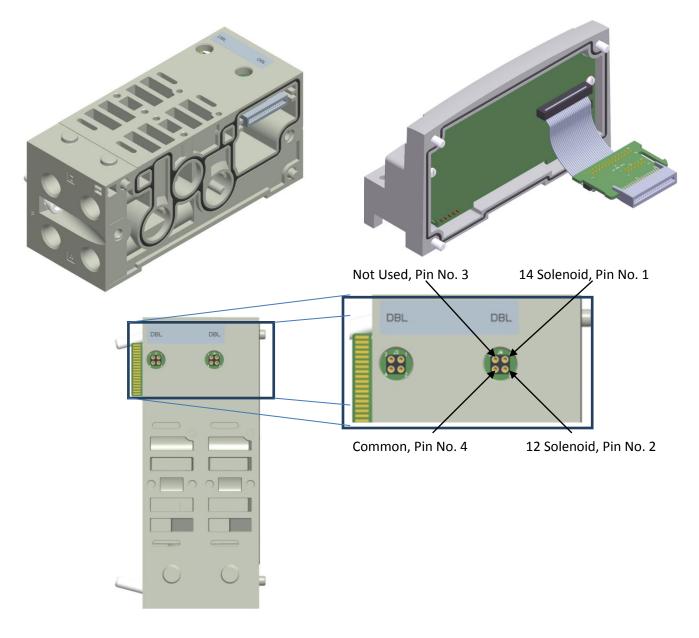




### 2.3 500 Series Manifold Stations

Solenoid Coil Connections using Z-Board™ Technology for 50x valve series

Z-Board<sup>™</sup> plug together technology connects all valve solenoids to the valve coil output driver board, located in the valve adapter. There is a maximum of 32 coil outputs available on the complete manifold assemblies. The 32 available outputs are accessed on the 501 series valves utilizing 4 station manifolds and on the 502 and 503 series utilizing 2 station manifolds.



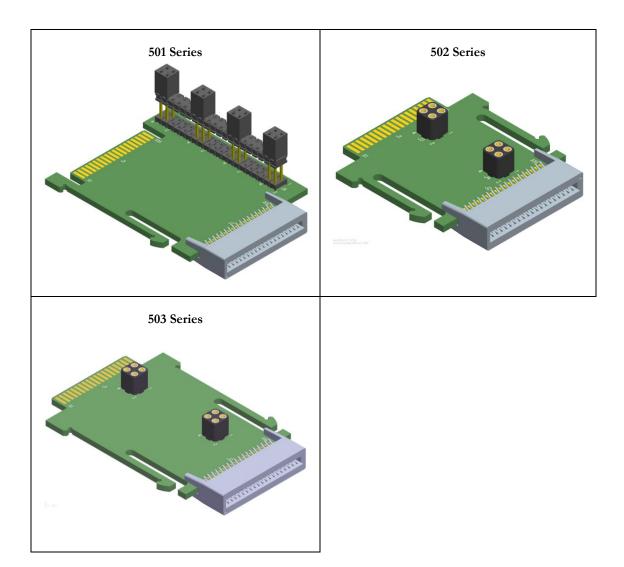


A single solenoid valve's coil is always on the "14" end.



### 2.4 500 series Z-Board<sup>TM</sup> Connectors

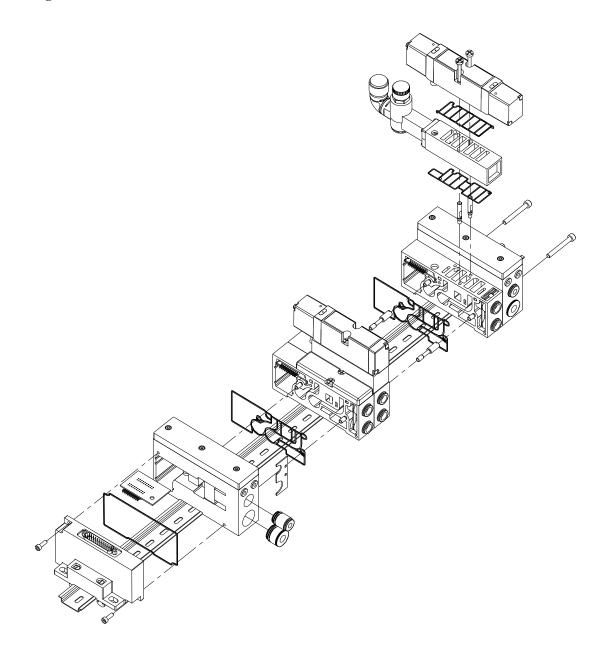
The 501, 502 and 503 valve series utilize 2 different Z-Board<sup>™</sup> designs to achieve the single and double solenoid output functions. This yields the possible 32 single, 16 double, or various combinations of valve coil output capabilities.





### 2.5 2000 Series Pneumatic Valve Manifold

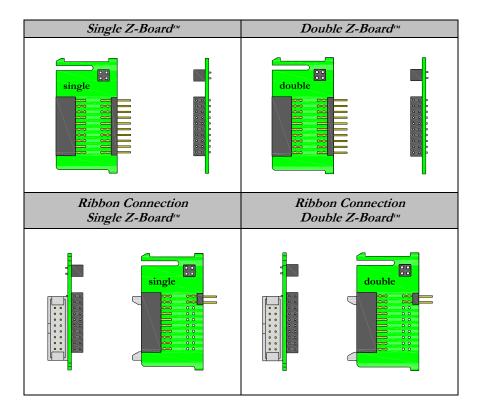
The pneumatic valve manifold with internal circuit board technology is also modular. The valve solenoid coil connections are automatically made using Z-Board™ technology (plug together PC boards), which allow internal connection from solenoid coils to output drivers without the use of wires). This allows easy assembly and field changes.





### 2.6 2000 Series Z-Board<sup>TM</sup> Connectors

The 2005/2012/2035 valve series utilize 2 different Z-Board<sup>™</sup> designs to achieve the single and double solenoid output functions. This yields the possible 32 single, 16 double, or various combinations of valve coil output capabilities.





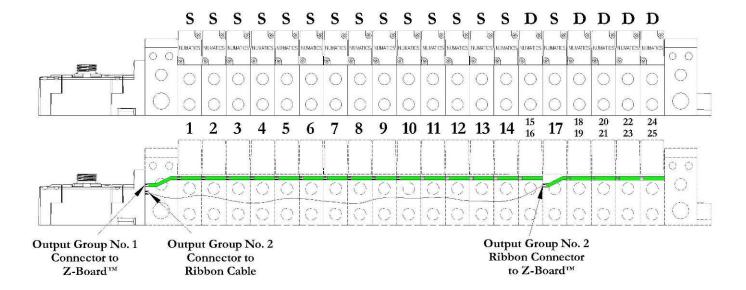
The 17th solenoid (output group No. 2's first bit) must be accessed via either the valve side Sub-D output module or a ribbon connector type Z-board.



### 2.7 2000 Series Z-Board<sup>TM</sup> and Ribbon Cable Example

If fourteen (14) single solenoid and one (1) double solenoid valves are connected directly to the communication node via their Z-Boards™, and one (1) single solenoid and four (4) double solenoid valves are connected to the communication node via the ribbon cable, the following would be the valve side bit map:

S = Single Solenoid with Single Z-Board <sup>TM</sup><math>D = Double Solenoid With Double Z-Board <sup>TM</sup>



Output Word								(	0																1							
Output Byte		0				1							2								3											
Output Bit No.	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
Solenoid Coil Output No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25				n/a	ı		



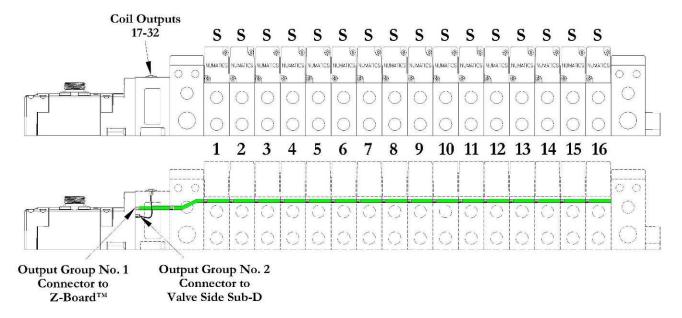
### 2.8 2000 Series Z-Board<sup>TM</sup> and Valve Side Sub-D Example

If sixteen (16) single solenoid valves are connected directly to the communication node via Z-Boards™ and a valve side Sub-D connector is connected to the communication node via the output Group No. 2 connector then the following would be the valve side bit map:



The ribbon cable and valve side Sub-D examples do not apply to 501,502 or 503 series

#### S = Single Solenoid with Single Z-Board



Output Word								(	0																1							
Output Byte	0				1							2							3													
Output Bit No.	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
Solenoid Coil Output No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32



### 3. Communication Module

### 3.1 EtherNet/IP Communication Module (Node)

This module is the communication interface to the manifold. It contains communication electronics and internal short circuit protection for power. It can be configured via software, via the graphic display or manually via DIP switches through the optional Manual Configuration Module (MCM).

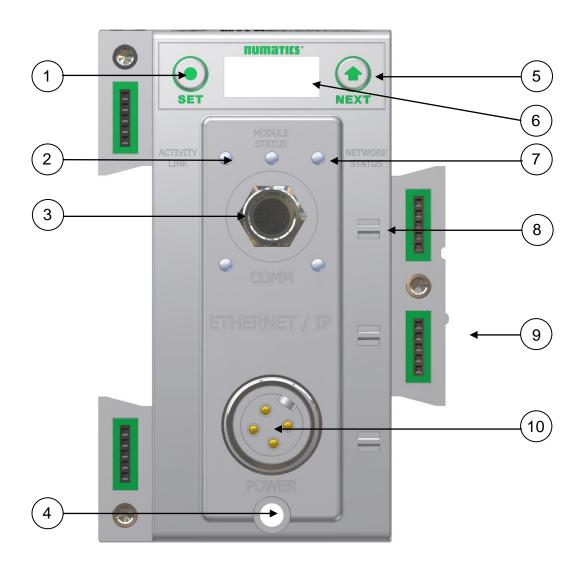
Communication Module Kit Part Number	
EtherNet/IP Communication module	240-181





### 3.2 Communication Module Description

Detail No.	Description
1	"Set" Button – used to navigate through user menus and to set parameters
2	Activity/Link Status LED
3	4 Pin M12 D-Coded Female Communication Connector
4	Mounting Hole
5	"Next" Button – used to navigate through user menus and to set parameters
6	Graphic Display – used to display parameter information
7	Network Status LED
8	Slot for text ID tags
9	Keying for preventing I/O module insertion
10	4 Pin MINI Male Power Connector





#### 3.3 Connector Pin-Outs

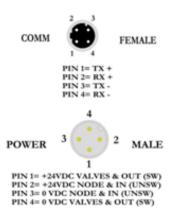
Industry standard connectors are used for communication and auxiliary power. The EtherNet/IP communication connector is a D-coded keyway 4 pin female M12 connector. The Power connector is a single keyway 4 pin male 7/8" MINI connector.

#### EtherNet/IP Communication Connector Pin-Out

Pin No.	Function	Description
1	TX+	Positive Transmit Line
2	RX+	Positive Receive Line
3	TX-	Negative Transmit Line
4	RX-	Negative Receive Line

#### Power Connector with Cenelec Pin-Out

Cenelec Pin No.	Function	Description
1	+24 VDC	Voltage used to power outputs
1	(Valves and Outputs)	(valve coils and discrete outputs) SW
2	+24 VDC	Voltage used to power discrete inputs and
2	(Node and Inputs)	node electronics UNSW
3	0 VDC	0 VDC Voltage used to power discrete inputs and
3	(Node and Inputs)	node electronics UNSW
4	0 VDC	0 VDC Voltage used to power outputs
4	(Valves and Outputs)	(valve coils and discrete outputs) SW





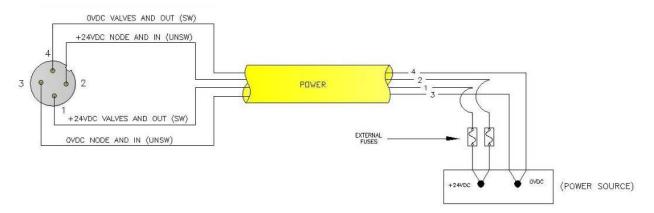
- Power common (0 VDC) pins 3 and 4 are isolated from each other to allow separate (isolated) power supply connection if required. However, they can be tied together if a single common, non-isolated, application is preferred.
- The combined draw of the +24VDC Valves and Outputs and +24VDC Node and Inputs pins cannot exceed 8 Amps, at any given moment in time.
- The Node and Input power pin (2) supplies power to the node electronics. This pin must be powered at all times for communication node to be functional.



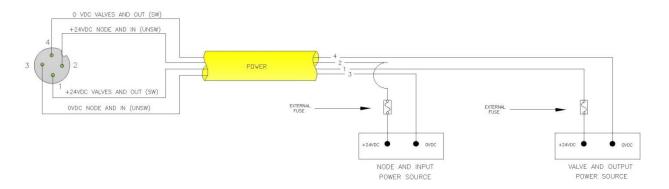
### 3.4 Electrical Connections

Power Connector Wiring Diagram

Power Supply Example (Non-isolated commons)



### Power Supply Example (Isolated commons)





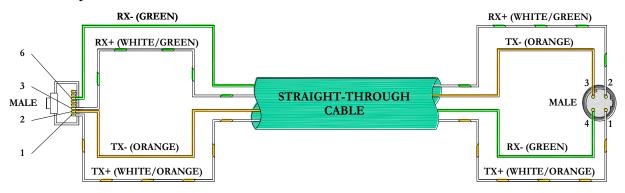
- Please see page 24 for external fuse sizing guide.
- When using molded connector power cables, Do Not rely on wire colors for Pin-Out. Always use pin number references.
- The combined draw of the +24VDC Valves and Outputs and +24VDC Node and Inputs pins cannot exceed 8 Amps, at any given moment in time.



EtherNet/IPTM Straight-Through Cabling Diagrams

Straight-Through Ethernet cable is used when connecting an Ethernet node to a basic media component (router, switch, hub, etc.). Here are some basic wiring examples of Straight-Through cabling.

### RJ45 to M12 D Coded Cable



#### M12 D Coded to M12 D Coded Cable





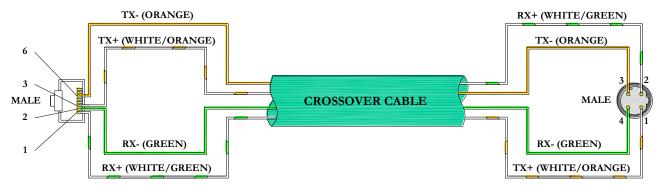
• These are examples only. For appropriate network cabling information, please see the ODVA document titled, "EtherNet/IP<sup>TM</sup>: Media Planning and Installation Manual".



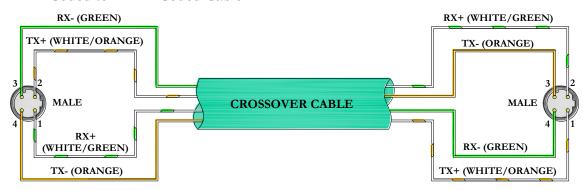
EtherNet/IPTM Crossover Cabling Diagrams

A Crossover Ethernet cable is used when connecting two Ethernet nodes directly together. For example, when you connect a computer directly to a Numatics' valve manifold, a Crossover cable would be used. Here are some basic wiring examples of Crossover cabling.

### RJ45 to M12 D Coded Cable



#### M12 D Coded to M12 D Coded Cable





• These are examples only. For appropriate network cabling information, please see the ODVA document titled, "EtherNet/IPTM: Media Planning and Installation Manual".



### 3.5 Ground Wiring

All Numatics Inc. communication nodes should be grounded during the installation process. These grounding guidelines can be found in National Electrical code IEC 60204-1 or EN 60204-1.







- Proper grounding will prevent many intermittent problems with network communication.
- When grounding to a machine frame, please ensure that the machine frame itself is already properly grounded.
- Better grounding can be achieved when larger diameter (lower gauge) wire is used.



### 3.6 Power Consumption

#### **Power Connection**

CENELEC Pin No.	Function	Description
1	+24 VDC	Voltage used to power outputs
1	(Valves and Outputs)	(valve coils and discrete outputs) SW
2	+24 VDC	Voltage used to power discrete inputs and
2	(Node and Inputs)	node electronics UNSW
3	0 VDC Common	0 VDC (-V) Voltage used to power discrete inputs and
3	(Node and Inputs)	node electronics UNSW
4	0 VDC Common	0 VDC (-V) Voltage used to power outputs
4	(Valves and Outputs)	(valve coils and discrete outputs) SW

### **Power Rating**

- For maximum supply current capability please refer to page 58.
- Loads should not draw more than 0.5 Amps of current from any one individual discrete output point (Contact factory for higher current capability requirements).

			+24	VDC	+24	VDC			
C	T7 . 14	T.1	(Valves and	d Outputs)	(Node and Inputs				
Component	Voltage	Tolerance	Pins 1	and 4	Pins 2	and 3			
			Current	Power	Current	Power			
Solenoid Valve Coil 501 (Each)	24 VDC	+10%/-15%	0.03 A	0.80 W	0 A	0 W			
Solenoid Valve Coil 503 (Each)	24 VDC	+10%/-15%	0.07 A	1.70 W	0 A	0 W			
Solenoid Valve Coil 2002 (Each)	24 VDC	+10%/-15%	0.02 A	0.48 W	0 A	0 W			
Solenoid Valve Coil 2005 (Each)	24 VDC	+10%/-15%	0.06 A	1.44 W	0 A	0 W			
Solenoid Valve Coil 2012 (Each)	24 VDC	+10%/-15%	0.11 A	2.64 W	0 A	0 W			
Solenoid Valve Coil 2035 (Each)	24 VDC	+10%/-15%	0.11 A	2.64 W	0 A	0 W			
Solenoid Valve Coil ISO 5599/2- SPA	24 VDC	+10%/-15%	0.17 A	4.08 W	0 A	0 W			
Valve Adapter (Driver)	24 VDC	+/- 10%	0.03A	0.72 W	0.02 A	0.48 W			
Digital Module	24 VDC	+/- 10%	0.04 A	0.96 W	0.05 A*	1.20 W*			
Analog Module	24 VDC	+/- 10%	0.01 A	0.24 W	0.08 A*	1.92 W*			
Sub-Bus Hub	24 VDC	+/- 10%	0 A	0 W	0.06 A	1.44 W*			
RTD Module	24 VDC	+/- 10%	0.01 A	0.24 W	0.06 A	1.44 W*			
Communication Module (Node)	24 VDC	+/- 10%	0.01 A	0.24 W	0.07A*	1.68 W*			
Sub-Bus Valve Module	24 VDC	+/- 10%	0.01 A	0.24 W	0.03 A*	0.72 W*			
Auto Recovery Module (ARM)	24 VDC	+/- 10%	0 A	0 W	0.03 A	0.72 W			
Manual Configuration Module (MCM)	24 VDC	+/- 10%	0 A	0 W	0.03 A	0.72 W			

<sup>\*</sup> Current depends on graphic display brightness setting. Max. value shown with high brightness. Values decrease by approx. 5% for Medium and 11% for Low brightness settings.



• Total power consumption for each Discrete I/O point is dependent on the specific current draw of input sensor devices and output loads.



#### Recommended External Fuses

External fuses should be chosen based upon the physical manifold configuration. Please refer to the following table for the fuse sizing chart.

**External Fuse Sizing Chart** 

Power Consumption - Power Connector Pin for Valves and Outputs						
<u>Description</u>		<u>Current</u>				
Number of Solenoid Valve Coils Energized Simultaneously						
X 0.17 A (ISO - SPA Series)	=	Amps				
X 0.11 A (2012 and 2035 Series)	=	Amps				
X 0.06 A (2005 Series)	=	Amps				
X 0.02 A (2002 Series)	=	Amps				
		+				
Total load current drawn by simultaneously energized Discrete Outputs	=	Amps				
Number of I/O modules installed X 0.01 A	=	Amps				
Valve Adapter	=	0.03 Amps +				
Communication Node Power Consumption	=	0.01 Amps +				
Total:		Amps				
Surge Compensation:	$\mathbf{X}$	1.25				
Suggested External +24 VDC (Valves and Outputs) Fuse Value:		Amps				
	17					
Power Consumption – Power Connector Pin for Node and Inputs						
<u>Description</u>		<u>Current</u>				
Communication Node Power Consumption	=	0.07 Amps +				
Total load current drawn by Sensor Devices from Discrete Inputs source	=	Amps				
·		+				
Number of I/O modules installed X 0.08 A	=	Amps				
77 . 1		+				
Total:		Amps				
Surge Compensation:	X	1.25				
Suggested External Pin +24 VDC (Node and Inputs) Fuse Value:		Amps				

\*Factory Default Settings



- The Node and Inputs Aux Power pins supply power to the node electronics. These pins must be powered at all times for communication node and Inputs to be functional.
- The internal electronic fuses exist to protect against damage due to catastrophic failure of internal components. External fuses are always recommended for protection against power supply failure, over-current conditions, etc...



### 3.7 Diagnostics

### **Communication Module LED Functions**

Upon power up, the LEDs indicate the status of the unit. There are three LEDs on the G3 EtherNet node. These LEDs are described below.



LED Name	Color	Status	Description		
MODULE STATUS	Off	OFF	No power applied to +24V <sub>NODE/IN</sub> .		
	Green	ON	Device operational. The module is operating correctly.		
		FLASHING	Standby. The module has not been configured.		
	Red	ON	Major fault. A major internal error has been detected.		
		FLASHING	Minor fault. A minor recoverable fault has been detected.		
			Self -Test Mode - An error has occurred in the initialization process.		
	Green Red	FLASHING	Self -Test Mode.		
NETWORK STATUS	Off	OFF	IP address has not been assigned to node or no power applied to		
			+24V <sub>NODE/IN</sub> .		
	Green	ON	Connected. The module has established an EtherNet/IP connection.		
		FLASHING	No connection. There are no EtherNet/IP connections established to the		
			module.		
	Red	ON	Duplicate IP address. The module has detected that its IP address is already		
			being used elsewhere on the network		
		FLASHING	EtherNet/IP connection has timed out. One or more of the connections for		
			which this module is the target has timed out.		
ACTIVITY/LINK	Green	OFF	No EtherNet connection is detected		
		ON	The module is connected to an EtherNet network		
		FLASHING	The LED flashes each time a packet is received or transmitted.		



### **Output Short Circuit Protection**

G3 Output modules incorporate short circuit protection and diagnostics to identify short circuit, open coils and over temperature conditions. The diagnostics can be accessed within the user PLC program or the G3 Ethernet/IP node's integrated web page. Detailed information regarding these features can be found on page 142.

Output Type	Output State	Fault Condition	Status Bit
Valve Solenoid Coil Driver	ON	No Fault	0
		Fault - Short Circuit, Over Temp/Over Current	1
Valve Solenoid Coil Driver	OFF	No Fault	0
		Fault - Open Load	1
Discrete Outputs	ON	No Fault	0
		Fault - Short Circuit, Over Temp/Over Current	1



# 4. G3 Graphic Display

The G3 Communication and I/O modules feature an integrated graphic display used to configure parameters and display diagnostic information.



The graphic displays on the following page represent the main menu selections of the EtherNet/IP communication module (node).

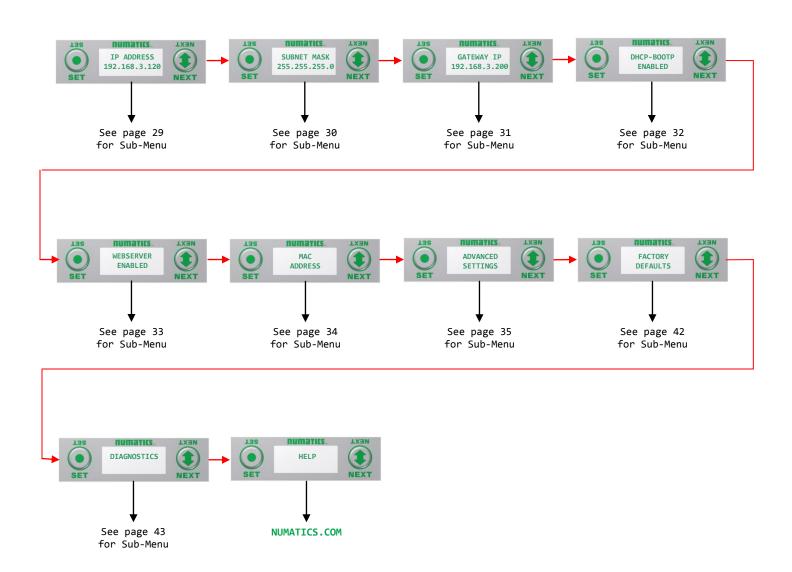


### **NUM 27115** G3 Series EtherNet/IP Technical Manual

#### 4.1 Main Menu Structure

Use the NEXT button to scroll through the Main menu headings shown below. At this level pressing the SET button allows access the Sub-Menus. Please see the appropriate pages referenced below for further details and descriptions of the Sub-Menus. Note that many of these settings can also be adjusted via software with GSD file parameters.

NOTE: When a network I/O connection is established manual changes to node parameters are not allowed!





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parameters are not allowed!

When a network I/O connection is established manual changes to node

#### 4.2 IP Address

IP ADDRESS 192.168.3.120

### Steps to Set IP Address

Press the SET button to enter the IP ADDRESS sub-menu.



Press the NEXT button to select the octet that you would like to change. Press the SET button to change the value.



 Press the SET button to scroll through the hundred, tens and ones digits of the octet.
 Press the NEXT button to scroll through the valid digits (0-9).

Press the NEXT button to scroll through the valid digits (UPress the SET button to advance through the octet.

Press the NEXT button to advance to the next octet, scroll pass the fourth octet to accept the entire IP Address



4. Press the SET button to input the address shown on the display,



- Press the NEXT button to select Yes or No to accept the IP Address shown on the display..
  - a. Selecting **N**o will bring you back to the main Address menu.
  - b. Selecting Yes will take you to the following SAVE SETTINGS menu



- 6. Press the NEXT button to select either NOW or LATER.
  - Selecting NOW will cause the node to reset and apply the new setting.
  - b. Selecting LATER will cause the new Address to be saved in temporary memory to allow you to make additional parameter changes before the node is reset. However, you must ACCEPT the saved changes before your next power cycle otherwise they will be lost.

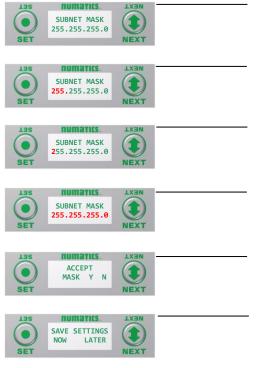
Press the SET button to confirm your choice.



- Factory default address is 192.168.3.120
- 0 and 255 are not valid for the fourth octet



#### 4.3 Subnet Mask



### Steps to Set Subnet Mask

- 1. Press the SET button to enter the Subnet Mask sub-menu.
- Press the NEXT button to select the octet that you would like to change. Press the SET button to change the value.
- Press the SET button to scroll through the hundred, tens and ones digits of the octet.

Press the NEXT button to scroll through the valid digits (0-9).

Press the SET button to advance through the octet.

Press the NEXT button to advance to the next octet, scroll pass the fourth octet to accept the entire Subnet Mask

- 4. Press the SET button to input the value shown on the display,
- Press the NEXT button to select Yes or No to accept the Subnet Mask shown on the display.
  - c. Selecting No will bring you back to the main Subnet Mask menu.
  - d. Selecting Yes will take you to the following SAVE SETTINGS menu
- 6. Press the NEXT button to select either NOW or LATER.
  - Selecting NOW will cause the node to reset and apply the new setting.
  - d. Selecting LATER will cause the new Address to be saved in temporary memory to allow you to make additional parameter changes before the node is reset. However, you must ACCEPT the saved changes before your next power cycle otherwise they will be lost

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.

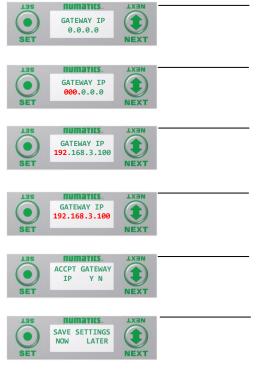


• Factory default subnet mask is 255.255.255.0



# **NUM 27115** G3 Series EtherNet/IP Technical Manual

### 4.4 Gateway IP



### Steps to Set Gateway IP

- 1. Press the SET button to enter the Gateway IP sub-menu.
- Press the NEXT button to select the octet that you would like to change. Press the SET button to change the value.
- Press the SET button to scroll through the hundred, tens and ones digits of the octet

Press the NEXT button to scroll through the valid digits (0-9).

Press the SET button to advance through the octet.

Press the NEXT button to advance to the next octet, scroll pass the fourth octet to accept the entire Subnet Mask

- 4. Press the SET button to input the value shown on the display,
- Press the NEXT button to select Yes or No to accept the Subnet Mask shown on the display.
  - e. Selecting No will bring you back to the main Subnet Mask menu.
  - f. Selecting Yes will take you to the following SAVE SETTINGS menu
- 6. Press the NEXT button to select either NOW or LATER.
  - Selecting NOW will cause the node to reset and apply the new setting.
  - f. Selecting LATER will cause the new Address to be saved in temporary memory to allow you to make additional parameter changes before the node is reset. However, you must ACCEPT the saved changes before your next power cycle otherwise they will be lost.

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.



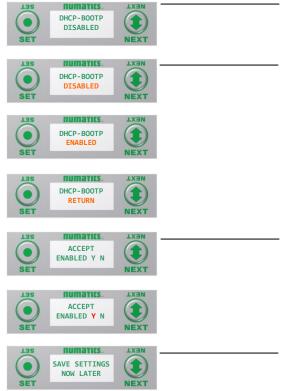
• Factory default Gateway IP is 0.0.0.0



#### 4.5 DHCP-BOOTP

This will allow the enabling / disabling of the DHCP (Dynamic Host Control Protocol) and / BOOTP parameters. Enabling this parameter will allow the IP Address to be set via a BOOTP/DHCP server.

### **DHCP-BOOTP Steps**



- 1. Press the SET button to enter the DHCP-BOOTP sub-menu.
- Press the NEXT button to scroll through the choices to enable or disable the feature.
  - a. ENABLED (Factory Default)
  - b. DISABLED
  - c. RETURN (this will return you to the main menu)

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.

- 3. Press the NEXT button to select **Y**es or **N**o to accept the selection.
  - a. Selecting No will bring you back to the main menu.
  - b. Selecting Yes will take you to the following apply changes menu.

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.

### **Apply Changes Steps**

- Press the NEXT button to select either NOW or LATER.
  - Selecting NOW will cause the node to reset and apply the new setting.
  - Selecting LATER will cause the new setting to be saved in memory, you must accept the saved changes before your next power cycle otherwise they will be lost.

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.



• Factory default setting for DHCP-BOOTP is enabled.



#### 4.6 Web-Server

This will allow the enabling/disabling of the G3 Web Server.

### Web-Server Steps



- 5. Press the SET button to enter the Web-Server sub-menu.
- Press the NEXT button to scroll through the choices to enable or disable the feature.
  - d. ENABLED (Factory Default)
  - e. DISABLED
  - f. RETURN (this will return you to the main menu)

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.

- 7. Press the NEXT button to select **Y**es or **N**o to accept the selection.
  - c. Selecting  $\mathbf{N}o$  will bring you back to the main menu.
  - d. Selecting Yes will take you to the following apply changes menu.

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.

#### **Apply Changes Steps**

- 8. Press the NEXT button to select either NOW or LATER.
  - Selecting NOW will cause the node to reset and apply the new setting.
  - d. Selecting LATER will cause the new setting to be saved in memory, you must accept the saved changes before your next power cycle otherwise they will be lost.

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.



• Factory default setting for WEB-SERVER is enabled.



### 4.7 MAC Address

### MAC (Machine Access Control) Address



1. The MAC Address is a fixed unique value that cannot be edited.

The actual MAC ADDR has an extra leading zero. The actual number in the example shown is 00-15-24-00-06-69



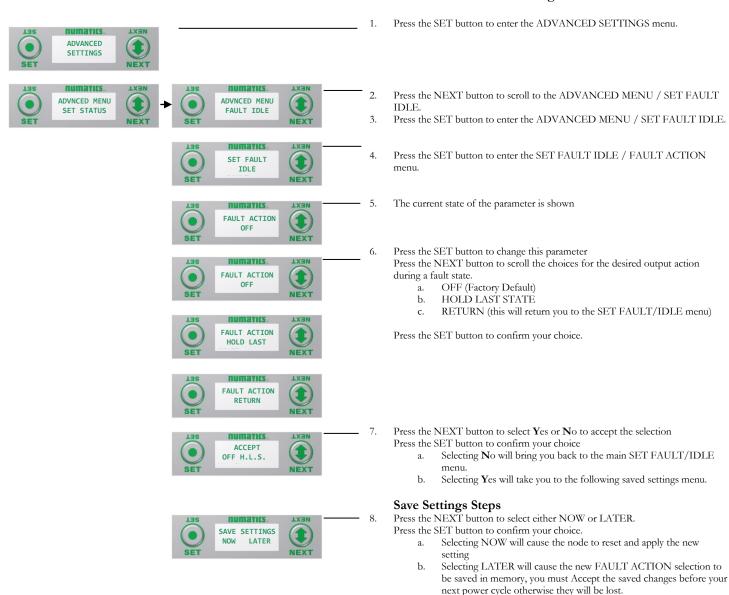
• The MAC address is for reference and cannot be modified.



### 4.8 Advanced Settings – Comm. Fault

This will allow the enabling / disabling of the Fault Action parameter.. The Fault Action parameter determines the behavior of the outputs during a communication fault. Please see page 128 for more details.

#### **Fault Action Settings**





Factory Default is FAULT ACTION OFF, See page 128 for more details.

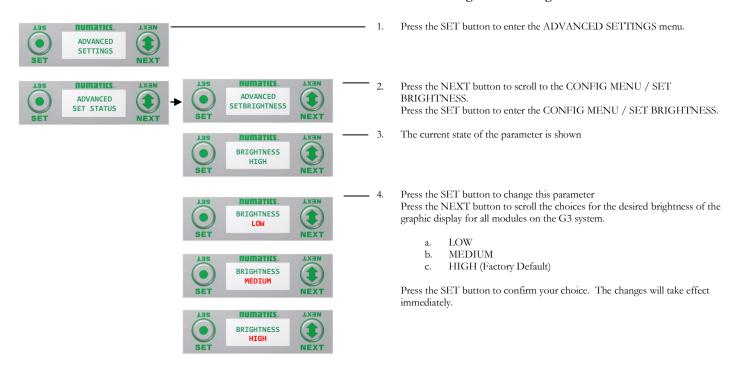
Press the SET button to confirm your choice.



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### 4.9 Advanced Settings - Brightness

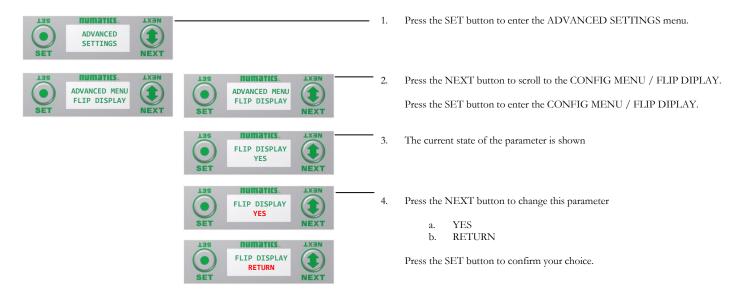
### **Brightness Settings**





### 4.10 Advanced Settings – Flip Display

#### Flip Display Settings





- This a global setting that affects all modules
- Each module, however, has its own setting if different settings are required.

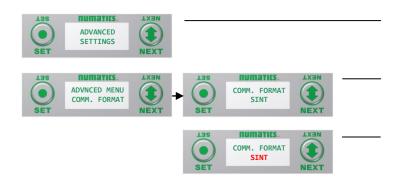


### **NUM 27115** G3 Series EtherNet/IP Technical Manual

### 4.11 Advanced Settings – Comm. Format

This allows setting a specific data format for I/O data.

#### Comm. Format Settings



- Press the SET button to enter the ADVANCED SETTINGS menu.
- Press the NEXT button to scroll to the ADVANCED MENU / COMM. FORMAT
- 3. Press the SET button to enter the COMM. FORMAT MENU
- Press the SET button, the current state of the parameter is highlighted.
- 5. Press the SET button to change this parameter
  Press the NEXT button to scroll the choices for the desired
  COMM. FORMAT
  - a. SINT (8 Bit)
  - b. INT (16 Bit)
  - c. DINT (32 Bit)
  - d. RETURN (this will return you to the main menu)



6. Press the SET button to confirm your choice

Press the NEXT button to select Yes or No to accept the selection Press the SET button to confirm your choice

- Selecting No will bring you back to the main COMM.
   FORMAT menu.
- Selecting Yes will take you to the following save settings menu.

#### Save Settings Steps



- Press the NEXT button to select either NOW or LATER.
   Press the SET button to confirm your choice.
  - Selecting NOW will cause the node to reset and apply the new setting
  - Selecting LATER will cause the new COMM.
     FORMAT selection to be saved in memory, you must Accept the saved changes before your next power cycle otherwise they will be lost.



### 4.12 Advanced Settings – Parameters Lock

#### PARAMETER Steps



- 1. Press the SET button to enter the Parameters sub-menu.
- Press the NEXT button to scroll through the choices to enable or disable the feature.
  - g. UNLOCKED (Factory Default)
  - h. LOCKED
  - i. RETURN (this will return you to the main menu)

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.

By choosing LOCKED, all settable parameters will be read only via the graphic display. UNLOCKED, the factory default, will allow all parameters to be settable through the graphic display.

Please note that all parameters are read only, regardless of this setting, when an IO connection between the communication module and the controller (PLC) is present

- 3. Press the NEXT button to select Yes or No to accept the selection.
  - e. Selecting No will bring you back to the main menu.
  - f. Selecting Yes will take you to the following apply changes menu.

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.

#### **Apply Changes Steps**

- 4. Press the NEXT button to select either NOW or LATER.
  - Selecting NOW will cause the node to reset and apply the new setting.
  - f. Selecting LATER will cause the new setting to be saved in memory, you must accept the saved changes before your next power cycle otherwise they will be lost.

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.



#### 4.13 Advanced Settings – Configuration Lock

#### **Configuration Lock Settings**















Press the NEXT button to scroll to the CONFIG MENU / CONFIG. LOCK.

Press the SET button to enter the ADVANCED SETTINGS menu.

- Press the SET button to enter the CONFIG MENU / CONFIG. LOCK.
- The current state of the parameter is shown
- Press the SET button to change this parameter
- Press the NEXT button to scroll through the choices to enable or disable the feature.
  - UNLOCKED (Factory Default)
  - b. LOCKED
  - c. RETURN (this will return you to the main menu)

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.

- Press the NEXT button to select Yes or No to accept the selection.
  - Selecting No will bring you back to the main menu.
  - Selecting Yes will take you to the following apply changes

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.

#### **Apply Changes Steps**



- Press the NEXT button to select either NOW or LATER.
  - Selecting NOW will cause the node to reset and apply the new
  - Selecting LATER will cause the new setting to be saved in memory, you must accept the saved changes before your next power cycle otherwise they will be lost.

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.



Note;

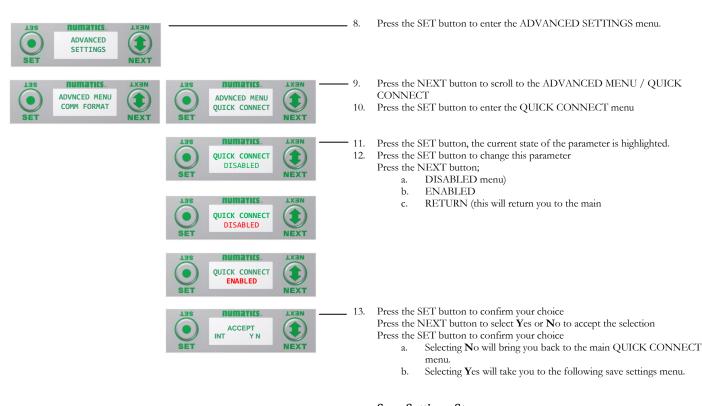
By choosing LOCKED, the manifold configurations will be stored in memory and the PHYSICAL manifold configuration cannot be changed. UNLOCKED, the manifold configurations can be changed without errors.



### 4.14 Advanced Settings – Quick Connect

This will allow the enabling / disabling of the "Quick Connect" feature. "Quick Connect" streamlines the startup time of the G3 subbus and is typically utilized in automatic tool change applications.

#### **Quick Connect Settings**



#### **Save Settings Steps**

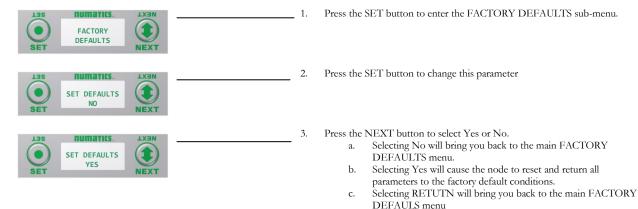


- Press the NEXT button to select either NOW or LATER.
   Press the SET button to confirm your choice.
  - a. Selecting NOW will cause the node to reset and apply the new setting
  - Selecting LATER will cause the new QUICK CONNECT selection to be saved in memory, you must Accept the saved changes before your next power cycle otherwise they will be lost.



### 4.15 Factory Defaults

#### **Factory Default Settings**



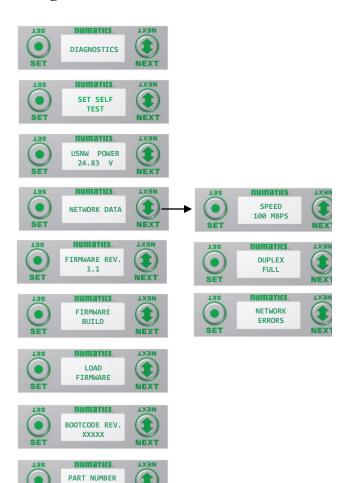
Press the SET button to confirm your choice.

FACTORY DEFAULT SETTINGS			
Description	Default		
IP Address	192.168.3.120		
Sub Net Mask	255.255.255.0		
DHCP Boot-P	Enabled		
Web Server	Enabled		
Diagnostic Word	Enabled		
I/O Diagnostic Status	Enabled		
Fault Action	Reset to All Off		
Idle Action	Reset to All Off		
Brightness	High		
Comm. Format	SINT		
Parameters	Unlocked		
Quick Connect	Disabled		



### **NUM 27115** G3 Series EtherNet/IP Technical Manual

#### 4.16 Diagnostics



- 1. All diagnostic information is read only
- 2. Press the SET button to enter DIAGNOSTICS sub-menu.
- Press the NEXT button to scroll through the main diagnostic menu choices.
  - a. SET SELF TEST
    - i. Please see following page for description
  - o. USNW POWER
    - i. Displays voltage level of unswitched power (Node & Inputs)
  - c. NETWORK DATA
  - i. Displays the network diagnostics
  - . FIRMWARE REVISION
  - i. For service personnel
  - e. FIRMWARE BÛILD
    - i. For service personnel
    - LOAD FIRMWARE
      i. For service personnel
  - BOOTCODE REVISION
  - i. For service personnel
  - BOOTCODE BUILD
  - i. For service personnel
  - PART NUMBER
    - i. Displays replacement part number of module
  - . RETURN TO MAIN MENU



240-181

**NUMATICS**RETURN TO

The UNSW POWER screen indicates the voltage level present on the UNSW (Node & Input) power pins (Pin No. 2 and 3) of the main power connector.



### 4.17 Diagnostics - Self Test Mode

An internal diagnostic tool can be enabled on the communication module (node) using the graphic display. This tool allows the user to confirm that all of the inputs and outputs on the manifold and any of the distributed modules are fully functional without needing a network connection or controller. There are two test modes that the user can choose. The "CYCLE OUTPUTS" test mode tests all the outputs by sequentially turning them ON and OFF for approximately .5 seconds. The "INPUTS" test mode tests the inputs by causing all of the outputs to toggle between even and odd values when any input is made. The Self Test mode on the communication module (node) is a global setting and will test all devices connected on the main manifold as well as any distributed modules and/or manifolds.

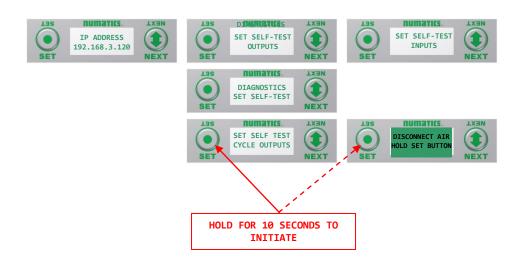
Similar "local" self tests are available on all output modules types. This "local" self test function allows any output module to be tested without affecting any other output module.

NOTE: The number of Valve outputs that are tested are affected by the I/O size settings.

To use the Self Test Mode, the user must first set some initial conditions. Follow these steps to initiate the self-test mode.

### 1) Disconnect Air and Communication from the manifold!

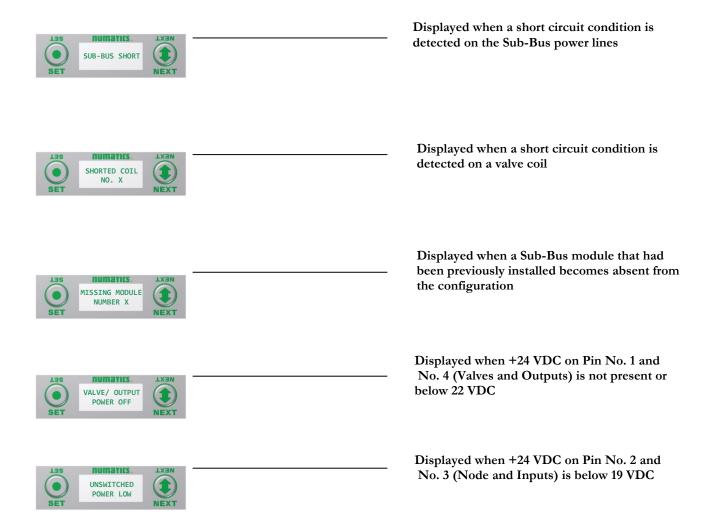
- 2) Select the desired test mode using the graphic display. (See example below)
- 3) Starting at the Home Screen, navigate the menus by selecting the NEXT button until the DIAGNOSTICS menu is shown.
- Select the SET button to access the DIAGNOSTICS menu and then again to access the SELF-TEST menu
- 5) Push NEXT to navigate to the desired test mode: CYCLE OUTPUTS or INPUTS
- 6) Push SET to select the desired test mode.
- 7) A message will appear: DISCONNECT AIR HOLD SET BUTTON
- 8) Hold the SET button down for approximately 10 seconds to enable the test. The Display will flash the above message while the button is pushed.
- 9) When the display stops flashing, the self-test mode will run and the Module Status LED will flash Red/Green while the display shows SELF TEST RUNNING.
- 10) The global self-test mode can only be disabled by disconnecting the power to the manifold.





### 4.18 Error Messages

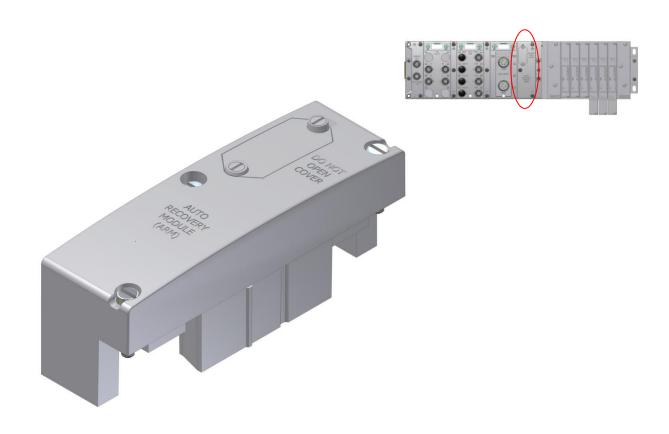
The following are automatic error messages that are displayed when specific faults occur during operation:





# 5. ARM - Auto Recovery Module (Optional)

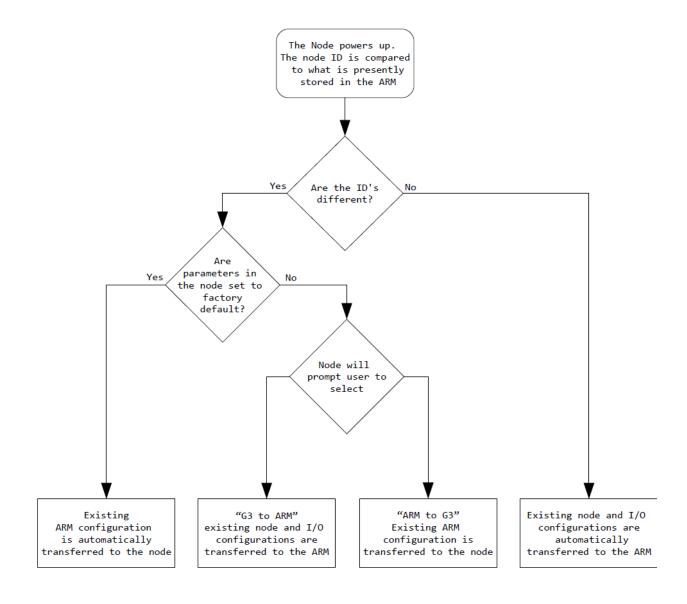
The Auto Recovery Module (ARM) is an optional memory module that is installed between the node and the valve adapter module and is used to preserve the manifold system parameters even during catastrophic failure. During the power-up process it reads the configuration of the manifold, including any user settable parameters of I/O modules, and stores the information in its non volatile memory. Once the information is stored, it automatically disconnects itself from the power circuits while still mechanically attached to the manifold.



Description	Replacement Part Number
Complete ARM Module	240-182



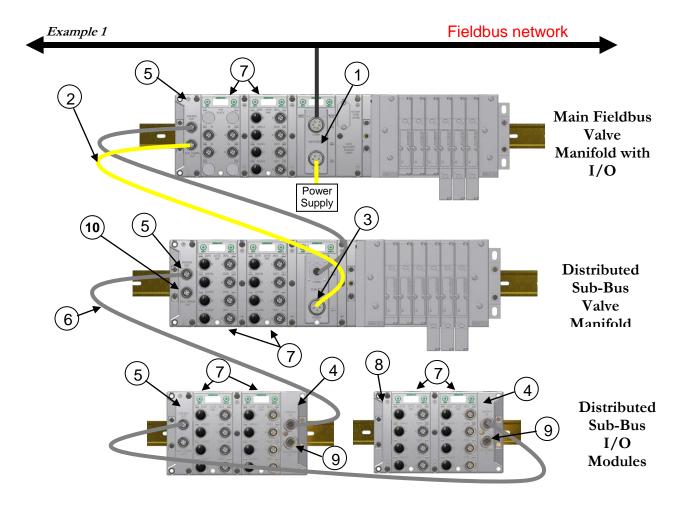
### 5.1 ARM process flowchart





### 6. Distribution

Distribution of I/O capability can be easily achieved with the G3 platform by means of Sub-Bus modules. I/O modules, valve manifolds and/or a combination of both can be simply separated from the main manifold and distributed via a sub-bus communication cable. The G3 platform uses the same I/O modules on the main manifold as on the distribution chain. The main communication module can control up to 16 I/O modules either on the main manifold or as part of the sub-bus connections. To utilize the sub-bus distribution capabilities the Sub-Bus OUT module must be located on the end of the main communication manifold and a Terminator Module must be located at the last sub-bus component.



Detail No.	Description		
1	Main Communication Module (Node)		
2	Sub-Bus Power Cable (Can be connected to separate power supply for isolated power control )		
3	Distributed Sub-Bus Valve Module		
4	Sub-Bus IN module		
5	Sub-Bus OUT module		
6	Sub-Bus Communication Cable		
7	I/O Modules		
8	Terminator Module (Used to terminate sub-bus)		
9	Aux. Power IN (Used to augment Input power and/or supply power to Output modules)		
10	Aux. Power OUT (Can be used to supply power to distributed modules)		



#### 6.1 Sub-Bus Distribution Modules

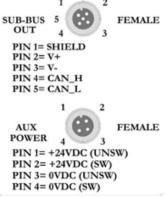
#### **SUB-BUS OUT Module**

- Used only when distributing the Sub-Bus to another assembly is required.
- SUB-BUS OUT 5 pin M12 female communication connector.
  - O Used to distribute the Sub-Bus to the next Sub-Bus assembly.
  - o Carries 24 VDC power for electronics of the next module.
- AUX. POWER OUT 4 pin M12 female aux. power connector.
  - Optional connection.
  - Used as a convenience way to distribute the power connection to the next Sub-Bus assembly.

Description	Replacement Part Number	
Sub-Bus OUT module with Din Rail Mounting	240-244	
Sub-Bus OUT module without Din Rail Mounting	240-183	





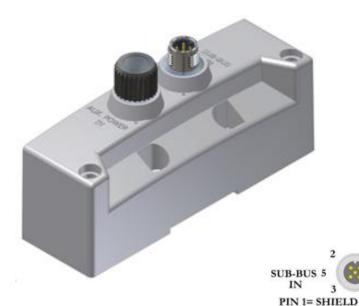




#### **SUB-BUS IN Modules**

- Used to distribute I/O assemblies that do not have valves
  - O Must be installed to the right of the I/O modules.
  - SUB-BUS IN 5 pin M12 male communication connector.
    - Must be connected to the Sub-Bus Out connector of the previous assembly
    - o Carries 24 VDC power for electronics of module
  - AUX. POWER IN 4 pin M12 male connector.
    - Aux power is required for Output modules. This connection also allows Output power to be interrupted to all Output modules connected to this module.
    - Aux. Power is optional for Inputs. Power from the SUN-BUS IN connection is used to power sensors but can be augmented, if necessary, by adding additional power to this connector.

Description	Part Number
Sub-Bus IN module with Din Rail Mounting	240-246
Sub-Bus IN module without Din Rail Mounting	240-185







PIN 2= V+ PIN 3= V-PIN 4= CAN\_H PIN 5= CAN\_L MALE



#### **Terminator Module**

- Used to terminate SUB-BUS connections.
  - o Must be installed on the left side of the last Sub-Bus module.

Description	Part Number
Terminator Module with Din Rail Mounting	240-245
Terminator Module without Din Rail Mounting	240-184







• The terminator must be installed in the G3 system for proper operation.



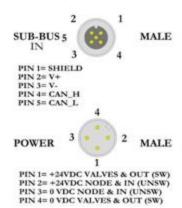
#### **Sub-Bus Valve Module**

- COMM 5 pin M12 male Sub-Bus input communication connector.
  - o Must be connected to the SUB-BUS OUT connector of the previous assembly
  - o Carries 24 VDC power for electronics of module
- POWER 4 pin MINI male power connector.
  - Power is required for Outputs
- Used to distribute Valves on the Sub-Bus.
  - o Can accepts discrete I/O module to allow a Sub-Bus Valve manifold with I/O

Description	Part Number	
Sub-Bus Valve Module	240-241	









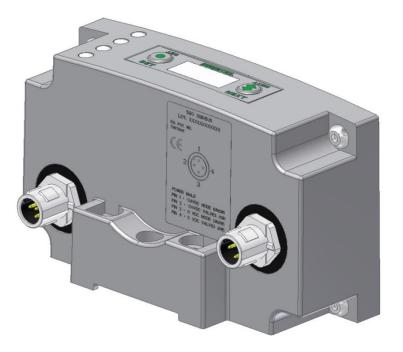
• The Sub-bus Valve Module drops 0.8 VDC across the module



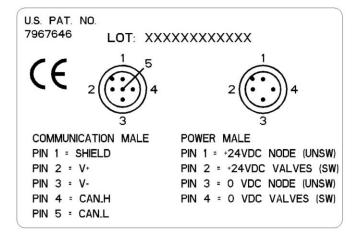
#### Sub-Bus Valve Module

- COMM 5 pin M12 male Sub-Bus communication connector.
  - o Must be connected to the SUB-BUS OUT connector of the previous assembly
  - o Carries 24 VDC power for electronics of module
- POWER 4 pin M12 male power connector.
  - Power is required for Outputs
- Used to distribute Valves on the Sub-Bus.
  - O Does not allow connection to G3 I/O modules.

Description	Part Number	
Sub-Bus Valve Module without I/O	P580AEDS4010A00	









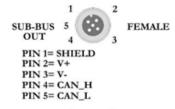
#### Sub-Bus Hub Module

The G3 HUB module allows for branch distribution from the I/O side of the G3 System and can be integrated into the existing G3 Series Sub-Bus configuration. Auto Addressing allows for trouble free set up and configuration. Input, Output, as well as Valve manifolds can be attached to the available four Branches on a HUB module. Each G3 System can support up to two HUB modules, allowing for maximum flexibility. The HUB module is transparent to the I/O side of the G3 and does not reserve one of the potential sixteen positions.

- Used when distributing the Sub-Bus to another assembly.
- SUB-BUS OUT 5 pin M12 female communication connector.
  - Used to distribute the Sub-Bus to the next Sub-Bus assembly.
  - o Carries 24 VDC power (up to 3A) for electronics of the next module.
- Cannot connect a Hub to a branch of another Hub
- Each branch of the Hub can accommodate a sub-bus cable length of 30 meters.

Description	Part Number
Sub-Bus Hub Module	240-326







#### 6.2 Sub-Bus Cables



#### M12 STRAIGHT 5 PIN MALE TO FEMALE SUB-BUS CABLE - SHIELDED

TA0501MGDTC0571P - 1 Meter TA0505MGDTC0571P - 5 Meter

TA0510MGDTC0571P - 10 Meter



#### M12 STRAIGHT 5 PIN FEMALE FIELD WIREABLE CONNECTOR, SPRING CAGE

TC05F2000000071V - PG9



#### M12 STRAIGHT 5 PIN MALE FIELD WIREABLE CONNECTOR, SPRING CAGE

TA05F2000000071V - PG9



#### M12 90° 5 PIN FEMALE FIELD WIREABLE CONNECTOR, SPRING CAGE

TD05F2000000071V - PG9



#### M12 90° 5 PIN MALE FIELD WIREABLE CONNECTOR, SPRING CAGE

TB05F2000000071V - PG9



#### BULK SUB-BUS CABLE \*NOTE

000550MGD0005000 – 50 Meter Length 0005A0MGD0005000 – 100 Meter Length

#### \* Note:

Length of field wired cables should not exceed the maximum length of 30 meters for total sub-bus communications link. See appropriate technical manual for sub-bus length requirements. The cable assemblies and Bulk cable are the only approved cables for the G3 Sub-Bus link. See technical document TDG3SBWD1-0EN for proper installation and wiring of field wireable connectors.

#### Technical Data

TECHNICAL DATA	CABLE	CONNECTORS	BULK CABLE
Molded Body / Insert	TPU	Zinc - Nickel Plated	N/A
Coupling Nut	Zinc - Nickel Plated	Brass - Nickel Plated	N/A
Cable Jacket Material	PUR	N/A	Gray RAL 7001
Cable O.D.	6.70 mm	N/A	6.70 mm
Voltage Rating (Nominal)	60 Volts	60 Volts	60 Volts
Current Rating	4.0 Amps	4.0 Amps	4.0 Amps
Degree of Protection	IP65 (mated)	IP65 (mated)	IP65 (terminated)
Operating Temperature	-40° C - 80° C	-40° C - 80° C	-20° C - 75° C
Conductor Gauge	24 AWG Signal 22 AWG Power	26-20 AWG	24 AWG Signal 22 AWG Power
Bend Radius	67 mm	N/A	67 mm
No. of Bending Cycles	5 Million	N/A	5 Million



#### **G3** Sub-Bus Field Wiring Directions

The purpose of this document is to instruct the end user of the proper wiring techniques required to make a G3 Sub-Bus cable from the available bulk cable and field wireable ends. The effectiveness of the resultant assembly remains on the end user and may have bearing on the proper functionality of the G3 Sub-Bus operation; please follow the manufacturer's Cable Assembly Procedure properly.



#### Cable Assembly Procedure

Step No.1	Cut cable to desired length.
Step No.2	Run cable through Pressure Nut and Housing.
Step No.3	Strip cable jacket back 28mm (1.10") for straight connectors and 35mm (1.38") for 90° connectors.
Step No.4	Remove shielding from end of wires back approximately 16mm (.630").
Step No.5	Apply shielding foil provided, around the shortened end of the shielding.
Step No.6	Strip individual conductors back approximately 11mm (.433").
Step No.7	Push stranded wires into appropriate colored terminal.
Step No.8	Attach the connector body onto the housing and tighten.
Step No.9	Attach the pressure nut on the back side and tighten
Step No.10	Confirm Continuity between all pins.

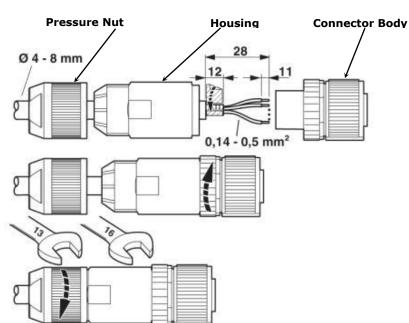


1 = Shield Wire (must be connected)

2 = Red3 = Black

4 = White 5 = Blue

ca. 59





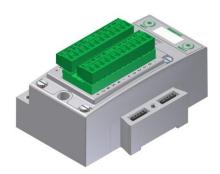
### 7. Digital I/O Module

### 7.1 Digital I/O Module Usage

The maximum number of modules that can be used on the Discrete I/O side of the manifold is 16. These modules can be centralized on the main fieldbus manifold, distributed or a combination of both. Modules can be connected in any combination of inputs, outputs and specialty up to the physical limitation of 16 modules.

### **Input Module Types**





### **Output Module Types**





Input/Output Module Types

Valve Side Output Module Types



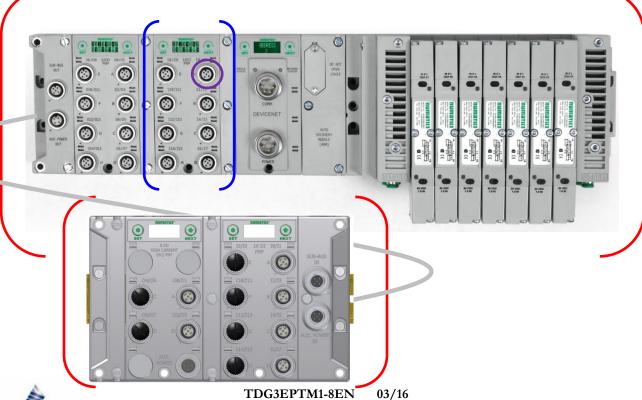




### 7.2 I/O Module Technical Data

**Industrial Automation** 

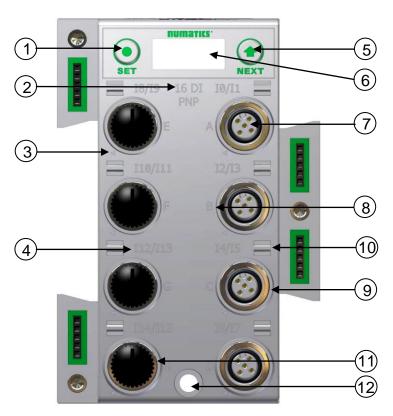
Module No.	Description	Connector Type	Current Limitation for Module	Current Limitation for connector	Current Limitation for manifold assy.
240-203	16 PNP Inputs	Terminal Strip	1.2A	.30A for each	
240-204	16 NPN Inputs	reminal strip	1.2A	+24VDC terminal	
240-205	16 PNP Inputs	M12	1.2A	.15A (Pin 1 to Pin 3)	
240-206	8 PNP Inputs	M12	1.2A	.15A (Pin 1 to Pin 3)	
240-207	16 PNP Outputs	M12	1.2A	.50A (Pin 3 to Pin 2/4)	
240-208	8 PNP Outputs	M12	1.2A	.50A (Pin 3 to Pin 2/4)	4A for +24 Valves and
240-209	16 NPN Inputs	M12	1.2A	.15A (Pin 1 to Pin 3)	Outputs
240-210	8 NPN Inputs	M12	1.2A	.15A (Pin 1 to Pin 3)	Outputs
240-211	8 PNP Input and 8 PNP Outputs	M12	1.2A	.50A / output connector (Pin 3 to Pin 2/4) .15A / input connector (Pin 1 to Pin 3)	4A for +24 Node and Inputs
240-212 240-213 240-214 240-215	Analog IO modules	M12	1.2A	.15A (Pin 1 to Pin 3)	
240-300	8 High Current Outputs	M12	8A (From Aux. Power Conn.)	2.0A / output connector (1.0A Pin 3 to Pin 2) (1.0A Pin 3 to Pin 4)	N/A
240-307	2 Analog Inputs and 2 High Current Analog Outputs	M12	4A (From Aux. Power Conn.)	2.0A (Pin 3 to Pin 4)	N/A
240-311	RTD	M12	1.2A	N/A	44 (
240-316	8 PNP Inputs	Terminal Strip	1.2A	.30A for each +24VDC terminal	4A for +24 Valves and Outputs
240-323	16 PNP Inputs	Terminal Strip	1.2A	.30A for each +24VDC terminal	4A for +24 Node and
240-330	16 PNP Outputs	Terminal Strip	1.2A	.50A / output connector	Inputs



Subject to change without notice

### 7.3 I/O Module Descriptions and Menus

Detail No.	Description
1	"Set" Button – used to navigate through user menus and set parameters
2	Module Function (I/O Type)
3	Alignment arrow for SPEEDCON connector
4	Bit Designation for I/O
5	"Next" Button – used to navigate through user menus and set parameters
6	Graphic Display
7	5 Pin M12 female I/O connector
8	Connector designation
9	Metal threads for SPEEDCON connector
10	Slot for text ID tags
11	Dust Cover
12	Mounting hole



**NOTE** All dust covers must be tightened to a torque of 4-6 in. lbs. to maintain the IP65 integrity.



### 7.4 Digital Input Modules

One Digital Input per Connector – M12 Female Modules

Modu Part N	1/() Type		Short Circuit Protection		Short Circuit Protection Status Bits		Input Points		
	240-210 NPN (Sinking) YF		YES –	YES – Visual		ptional	8		
240-20	06	PNP (Sou	<i>S</i> /						
	Input Mapping								
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
X (Required)	Input 7	Input 6	Input 5	Input 4	Input 3	Input 2	Input 1	Input 0	
	Diagnostics								
X	Conn. H	Conn. G	Conn. F	Conn. E	Conn. D	Conn. C	Conn. B	Conn. A	
Selectable)	SCP Status	SCP Status	SCP Status	SCP Status	SCP Status	SCP Status	SCP Status	SCP Status	







FEMALE

PIN 1= +24VDC (UNSW) PIN 2= NOT USED PIN 3= 0VDC (UNSW) PIN 4= INPUT 1



### Two Digital Inputs per Connector – M12 Female Modules

Module Part No.	I/O Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits	Input Points	
240-209	NPN (Sinking)	YES – Visual	YES – Optional	16	
240-205	PNP (Sourcing)	1E5 – Visuai	1 ES – Optional	10	

	Input Mapping								
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
X (Required)	Input 7	Input 6	Input 5	Input 4	Input 3	Input 2	Input 1	Input 0	
X+1 (Required)	Input 15	Input 14	Input 13	Input 12	Input 11	Input 10	Input 9	Input 8	
	Diagnostics								
X (Selectable)	Conn. H SCP Status	Conn. G SCP Status	Conn. F SCP Status	Conn. E SCP Status	Conn. D SCP Status	Conn. C SCP Status	Conn. B SCP Status	Conn. A SCP Status	







PIN 1= +24VDC (UNSW) PIN 2= INPUT 2 PIN 3= 0VDC (UNSW) PIN 4= INPUT 1



Sixteen Digital Inputs – Terminal Strip Modules

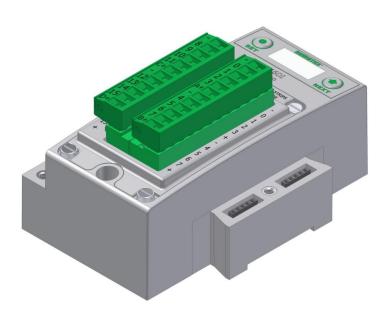
Specifications

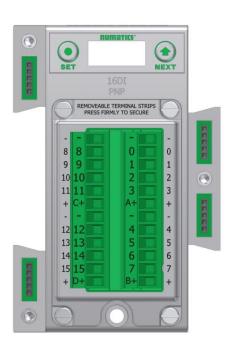
- Wire Range: 12 to 24 AWG

- Strip Length: 7mm

- Tightening Torque: 0.5 Nm

Module Part No.		I/O Type			Short Circuit Protection			Short Circuit Protection Status Bits			nput Points
240-203	PN	PNP (Sourcing)			YES			4 user enabled bits monitor Short Circuits on			
240-204	NP	NPN (Sinking)			Visual and Logical Status Bits			he four differe ltage connect terminal str	ions of		16
	Input Mapping										
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit	5	Bit 4	Bit 3		Bit 2	Bit 1		Bit 0
X (Required)	Input 7	Input 6	Inpu	ıt 5	Input 4	Input	3	Input 2	Input	1	Input 0
X+1 (Required)	Input 15	Input 14	Inpu	t 13	Input 12	Input 1	1	Input 10	Input	9	Input 8
				i	Diagnostics						
X	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Alloca and Reser	d	Allocated and Reserved	SCP Stat 1 = Fau +D		SCP Status 1 = Fault +C	SCP Sta 1 = Far +B		SCP Status 1 = Fault +A







# **NUM 27165** G3 Series EtherNet/IP Technical Manual

Eight Digital Inputs – Terminal Strip Modules Specifications

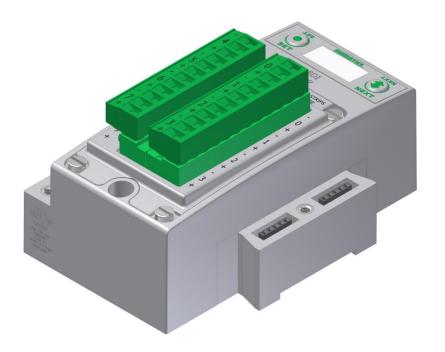
- Wire Range: 12 to 24 AWG

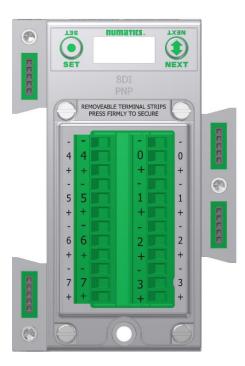
- Strip Length: 7mm

- Tightening Torque: 0.5 Nm

Module Part No.	I/O Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits	Input Points
240-316	PNP (Sourcing)	YES	YES	8

	Input Mapping								
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
X	Input 7	Input 6	Input 5	Input 4	Input 3	Input 2	Input 1	Input 0	
			Dia	gnostic Teleg	ram				
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
X (Selectable)	Input 7 SCP Status	Input 6 SCP Status	Input 5 SCP Status	Input 4 SCP Status	Input 3 SCP Status	Input 2 SCP Status	Input 1 SCP Status	Input 0 SCP Status	





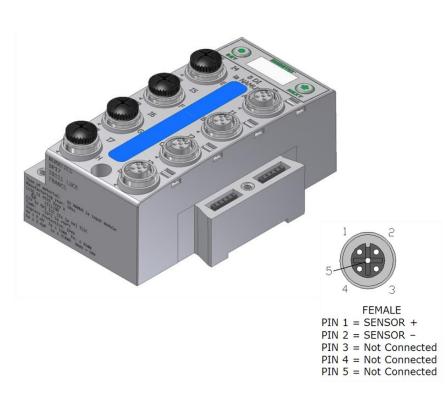


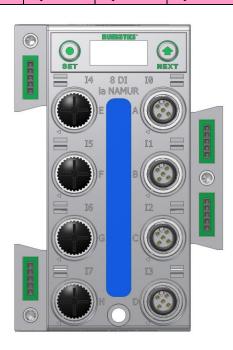
Intrinsically safe [Ex ia] NAMUR Compatible Input Module One Digital Input per Connector – M12 Female

Input module is for use with NAMUR certified intrinsically safe (IS) sensors. The module can be placed in any G3 I/O position available, but must be used in conjunction with appropriate clips with partition plates (see picture on page 66). This module is for use with (IS) sensors (certified to EN 60947-5-6) where the sensor is placed within the hazardous area, (e.g. ATEX 0-20, 1-21, and 2-22). This [Ex ia] module is part of the G3 electronics platform, which is designed to reside outside of the hazardous environment or in Zone 2-22, inside of a cabinet with appropriate ingress protection. The partition plate clips, used between standard G3 modules and [Ex ia] modules, are required to maintain ATEX approval. The 8.2 V sensor supply for each input connector is short circuit protected.

#### Part Numbers and Mapping

Module Part No.	I/O T	ype S	Short Circuit /( Protec	_		rcuit /Open C sent Status Bit		Input Points
240-320	NAM	UR	YES - V	'isual	Y	ES - Optional		8
Input Mapping								
вуте	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
X (Required)	Input 7	Input 6	Input 5	Input 4	Input 3	Input 2	Input 1	Input 0
X	Conn. H SC Status	Conn. G SC Status	Conn. F SC Status	Conn. E SC Status	Conn. D SC Status	Conn. C SC Status	Conn. B S Status	SC Conn. A SC Status
X + 1	Conn. H Open Status	Conn. G Open Status	Conn. F Open Status	Conn. E Open Status	Conn. D Open Status	Conn. C Open Status	Conn. E Open Stat	



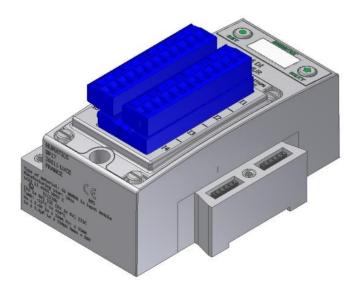


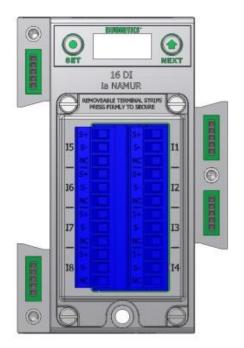


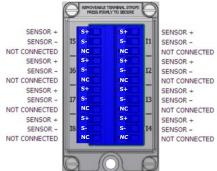
# **NUM 27165** G3 Series EtherNet/IP Technical Manual

Intrinsically safe [Ex ia] NAMUR Compatible Input terminal strip module

Module Part No.	I/O T	type S	Short Circuit / Protec	4		Short Circuit /Open Circuit Present Status Bits			nput Points
240-322	NAM	UR	YES - V	isual	Y	YES - Optional			8
	Input Mapping								
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	=	Bit 0
X (Required)	Input 7	Input 6	Input 5	Input 4	Input 3	Input 2	Inpu	t	Input 0
X	Conn. H SC Status	Conn. G SC Status	Conn. F SC Status	Conn. E SC Status	Conn. D SC Status	Conn. C SC Status	Conn. SC Sta	_	Conn. A SC Status
X + 1	Conn. H Open Status	Conn. G Open Status	Conn. F Open Status	Conn. E Open Status	Conn. D Open Status	Conn. C Open Status	Conn. Open Sta		Conn. A Open Status









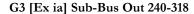
### Intrinsically safe [Ex ia] Support Modules

Mechanical isolation between standard and [Ex ia] modules is mandatory to fulfill ATEX certification. Clips with Partition Plates are available to achieve the required isolation.



G3 [Ex ia] Clip 240-317







G3 [Ex ia] Sub-Bus In 240-319



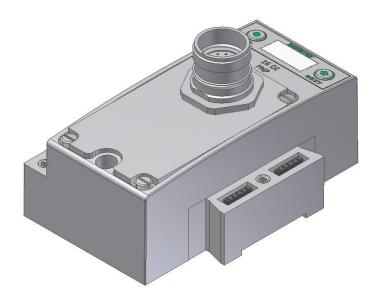
### 19 Pin M23 Input Module

The 19 Pin M23 Input module is for use with any Input block available from Phoenix Contact, Turck, Brad Harrison, etc. It can also be used with a single ended 19 Pin Cable.

#### Part Numbers and Mapping

Module Part No.	I/O Type	Short Circuit /Open Circuit Protection	Short Circuit /Open Circuit Present Status Bits	Input Points
240-323	Digital	YES - Visual	YES - Optional	16

	Input Mapping							
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
X (Required)	Input 7	Input 6	Input 5	Input 4	Input 3	Input 2	Input 1	Input 0
X	Input 15	Input 14	Input 13	Input 12	Input 11	Input 10	Input 9	Input 8
X + 1	Short Circuit	Short Circuit	Short Circuit	Short Circuit	Short Circuit	Short Circuit	Short Circuit	Short Circuit





#### Pin Out Information

Pin 1 = Input 14 Pin 2 = Input 10 Pin 3 = Input6 Pin 4 = Input 3 Pin 5 = Input 2 Pin 6 = 0 VDC Pin 7 = Input 1 Pin 8 = Input 5 Pin 9 = Input 9 Pin 10 = Input 13	Pin 11 = Input 12 Pin 12 = P.E. Pin 13 = Input 11 Pin 14 = Input 7 Pin 15 = Input 0 Pin 16 = Input 4 Pin 17 = Input 8 Pin 18 = Input 15 Pin 19 = + 24 VDC	15 6 8 7 16 000 19 000 10 000 17 11 18
Pin 10 = Input 13		



### 7.5 Digital Output Modules

One Digital Output per Connector - M12 Female Modules

Module Part No.		I/O Type			Short Circuit	Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits		Output Points
240-208	240-208		PNP (Sourcing)			YES – Visual		Optional	8
Output Mapping									
BYTE	Bit 7	В	it 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
X (Required)	Output	put 7 Output 6		Output 5	Output 4	Output 3	Output 2	Output 1	Output 0
				In	put Mapping	?			
BYTE	Bit 7	В	it 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
X	Output Status		tput 6 atus	Output 5 Status	Output 4 Status	Output 3 Status	Output 2 Status	Output 1 Status	Output 0 Status







PIN 1= +24VDC (SW) PIN 2= NOT USED PIN 3= 0VDC (SW) PIN 4= OUTPUT 1



Two Digital Outputs per Connector - M12 Female Modules

Module Part No.		I/O Typ	pe	Short Circuit Protection		Short Circuit Protection Status Bits		Output Points	
240-207		PNP (Source	cing)	YES – Visual		YES (8) – Optional		16	
Output Mapping									
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
X (Required)	Output	7 Output 6	Output 5	Output 4	Output 3	Output 2	Output 1	Output 0	
X+1 (Required)	Output	15 Output 14	Output 13	Output 12	Output 11	Output 10	Output 9	Output 8	
				Diagnostics					
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
X	Output Status	-	Output 5 Status	Output 4 Status	Output 3 Status	Output 2 Status	Output 1 Status	Output 0 Status	
X+1	Output Status		Output 13 Status	Output 12 Status	Output 11 Status	Output 10 Status	Output 9 Status	Output 8 Status	







FEMALE

PIN 1= +24VDC (SW) PIN 2= OUTPUT 2 PIN 3= 0VDC (SW) PIN 4= OUTPUT 1



Sixteen Digital Outputs - Terminal Strip Modules

**Specifications** 

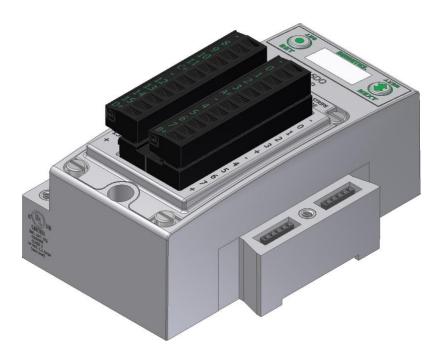
- Wire Range: 12 to 24 AWG

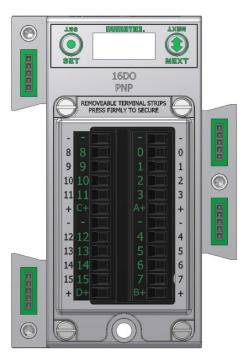
- Strip Length: 7mm

- Tightening Torque: 0.5 Nm

Module Part No.	І/О Туре	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits	Output Points	
240-330	PNP (Sourcing)	YES	YES	16	

Output Mapping											
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0			
X	Output 7	Output 6	Output 5	Output 4	Output 3	Output 2	Output 1	Output 0			
X+1	Output 15	Output 14	Output 13	Output 12	Output 11	Output 10	Output 9	Output 8			
			Dia	gnostic Teleg	ram						
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0			
X (Selectable)	Output 7 Status	Output 6 Status	Output 5 Status	Output 4 Status	Output 3 Status	Output 2 Status	Output 1 Status	Output 0 Status			
X (Selectable)	Output 15 Status	Output 14 Status	Output 13 Status	Output 12 Status	Output 11 Status	Output 10 Status	Output 9 Status	Output 8 Status			







Two Digital High Current Outputs per Connector - M12 Female Modules

The high current output module is to be used with output devices requiring between 0.5 and 1.0 Amps. Each connector incorporates two outputs that are capable of sourcing 1.0 Amp per output.

Module Part No.		I/O Typ	pe	Short Circuit	Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits		Output Points		
240-300	240-300 PNP (Se			YES – Visual		YES (8) - Optional		8		
	Output Mapping									
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
X (Required)	Output	7 Output 6	Output 5	Output 4	Output 3	Output 2	Output 1	Output 0		
				Diagnostics						
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
X	Output Status	-	Output 5 Status	Output 4 Status	Output 3 Status	Output 2 Status	Output 1 Status	Output 0 Status		







PIN 1= +24VDC (SW) PIN 2= OUTPUT 2 PIN 3= 0VDC (SW)

PIN 4= OUTPUT 1



Pin 1 = +24 VDC (For Conn A, B) Pin 2 = +24 VDC (For Conn C, D) Pin 3 = 0 VDC (For Conn A, B, C, D) Pin 4 = 0 VDC (For Conn A, B, C, D)



### 7.6 Digital Input/Output Modules

Two Digital I/O per Connector - 12mm Female Modules

Module Part N	0.	I/O Type			Short Circuit Protection		Circuit Status Bits	Output Points	Input Points	
240-211	240-211		PNP (Source	cing)	YES - Visual		- Optional	8	8	
Output Mapping										
вуте	Bit '	7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
X (Required)	Output 7		Output 6	Output 5	Output 4	Output 3	Output 2	Output 1	Output 0	
				Inpu	t Mapping					
BYTE	Bit '	7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
X (Required)	Input	t 7	Input 6	Input 5	Input 4	Input 3	Input 2	Input 1	Input 0	
				Dia	ignostics					
X	Allocation and Reserv	l	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Conn. D SCP Status	Conn. C SCP Status	Conn. B SCP Status	Conn. A SCP Status	
X+1	Outpu Status		Output 6 Status Bit	Output 5 Status Bit	Output 4 Status Bit	Output 3 Status Bit	Output 2 Status Bit	Output 1 Status Bit	Output 0 Status Bit	







CONNECTORS E, F, G, & H CONNECTORS A, B, C, & D

PIN 1= +24VDC (SW) PIN 2= OUTPUT 2 PIN 3= 0VDC (SW) PIN 4= OUTPUT 1 PIN 1= +24VDC (UNSW) PIN 2= INPUT 2 PIN 3= 0VDC (UNSW) PIN 4= INPUT 1



#### 7.7 Sub-bus Valve Module

Used to control a distributed valve manifold through the Sub-Bus. See page 52 for more information.

Module Part No.	I/O	I/O Type			Circuit Prot	ection	Pro	Short Circu Stection Statu		Output Points		
240-241	NPN	(Sinking)		7	YES – Visua	1	YE	ES (32) - Opt	ional		32	
	Output Mapping											
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bi	t 5	Bit 4	Bit	3	Bit 2	Bit	1	Bit 0	
X	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve	Coil	Valve Coil	Valve (	Coil	Valve Coil	Valve	Coil	Valve Coil	
(Required)	No. 7	No. 6	No	. 5	No. 4	No.	3	No. 2	No.	. 1	No. 0	
X+1	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve	Coil	Valve Coil	Valve (	Coil	Valve Coil	Valve	Coil	Valve Coil	
(Selectable)	No. 15	No. 14	No.	. 13	No. 12	No.	11	No. 10	No.	9	No. 8	
X+2	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve	Coil	Valve Coil	Valve (	Coil	Valve Coil	Valve	Coil	Valve Coil	
(Selectable)	No. 23	No. 22	No.	. 21	No. 20	No.	19	No. 18	No.	17	No. 16	
X+3	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve	Coil	Valve Coil	Valve (	Coil	Valve Coil	Valve	Coil	Valve Coil	
(Selectable)	No. 31	No. 30	No.	. 29	No. 28	No.	27	No. 26	No.	25	No. 24	
				Di	agnostics							
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bi	t 5	Bit 4	Bit	3	Bit 2	Bit	1	Bit 0	
X	Coil 7	Coil 6	Co	il 5	Coil 4	Coil	3	Coil 2	Coi	11	Coil 0	
(Selectable)	Status	Status	Sta	tus	Status	Statu	ıs	Status	Stat	us	Status	
X+1	Coil 15	Coil 14	Coi	1 13	Coil 12	Coil	11	Coil 10	Coi	19	Coil 8	
A+1	Status	Status	Sta	tus	Status	Statu	ıs	Status	Stat	us	Status	
X+2	Coil 23	Coil 22	Coi	1 21	Coil 20	Coil	19	Coil 18	Coil	17	Coil 16	
A 1 2	Status	Status	Sta	tus	Status	Statu	ıs	Status	Stat	us	Status	
X+3	Coil 31	Coil 30	Coi	1 29	Coil 28	Coil	27	Coil 26	Coil	25	Coil 24	
AIJ	Status	Status	Sta	tus	Status	Statu	ıs	Status	Stat	us	Status	





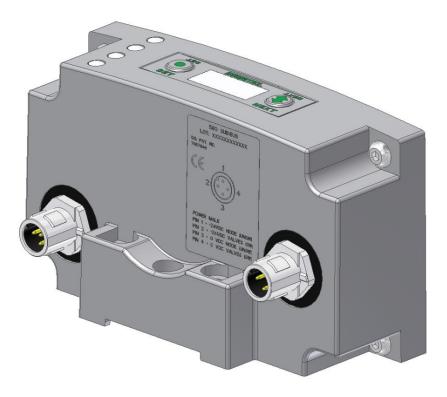


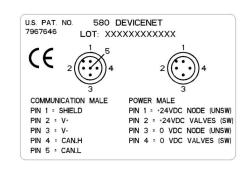
TDG3EPTM1-8EN 03/16 Subject to change without notice

### 7.8 Sub-bus Valve Module without Distribution and I/O

Used to control a distributed valve manifold through the Sub-Bus. See page 52 for more information.

Module Part No.		І/О Туре			Short	Circuit I	Prote	ection	Pro	Short Circu tection Statu		Out	tput Points
P580AEDS4010	A00	NPN (Sinking)		YES – Visual			YE	S (32) – Opt	ional		32		
	Output Mapping												
BYTE	Bit	t 7	Bit 6		Bit 5	Bit 4	1	Bit 3	3	Bit 2	Bit	1	Bit 0
X	Valve	Coil	Valve Coil	Va	lve Coil	Valve (	Coil	Valve (	Coil	Valve Coil	Valve	Coil	Valve Coil
(Required)	No	. 7	No. 6	1	No. 5	No.	4	No.	3	No. 2	No.	1	No. 0
X+1	Valve	Coil	Valve Coil	Va	lve Coil	Valve (	Coil	Valve (	Coil	Valve Coil	Valve	Coil	Valve Coil
(Selectable)	No.	. 15	No. 14	N	No. 13	No. 1	12	No.	11	No. 10	No.	9	No. 8
X+2	Valve	Coil	Valve Coil	Va	lve Coil	Valve (	Coil	Valve C	Coil	Valve Coil	Valve	Coil	Valve Coil
(Selectable)	No.	. 23	No. 22	N	No. 21	No. 2	20	No. 1	19	No. 18	No.	17	No. 16
X+3	Valve	Coil	Valve Coil	Va	lve Coil	Valve (	Coil	Valve (	Coil	Valve Coil	Valve	Coil	Valve Coil
(Selectable)	No.	. 31	No. 30	N	No. 29	No. 2	28	No. 2	27	No. 26	No.	25	No. 24
					Dia	agnosti	cs						
BYTE	Bi	t 7	Bit 6		Bit 5	Bit 4	1	Bit 3	3	Bit 2	Bit	1	Bit 0
X	Coi	il 7	Coil 6	(	Coil 5	Coil	4	Coil	3	Coil 2	Coi	11	Coil 0
(Selectable)	Sta	tus	Status	9	Status	Statu	s	Statu	s	Status	Stat	us	Status
X+1	Coi	1 15	Coil 14	(	Coil 13	Coil 1	2	Coil 1	l1	Coil 10	Coi	19	Coil 8
(Selectable)	Sta	tus	Status	9	Status	Statu	s	Statu	s	Status	Stat	us	Status
X+2	Coi	1 23	Coil 22	(	Coil 21	Coil 2	20	Coil 1	9	Coil 18	Coil	17	Coil 16
(Selectable)	Sta	tus	Status	9	Status	Statu	s	Statu	s	Status	Stat	us	Status
X+3	Coi	1 31	Coil 30	(	Coil 29	Coil 2	28	Coil 2	27	Coil 26	Coil	25	Coil 24
(Selectable)	Sta	tus	Status	9	Status	Statu	s	Statu	s	Status	Stat	us	Status







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### 7.9 Valve Side Digital Output Module

The valve side output module is used to distribute available valve side output points (i.e. when valves are located away from the rest of the electronics). These modules go to the right of the G3 valve adapter. The 16 bit output module utilizes the last 16 output bits on the valve side of the manifold (bits 16-31).

This module is not available with the 501, 502 or 503 series valves.

Sixteen Outputs per Connector - Sub-D 25 Pin Female Module

Module Part No.	І/О Туре	Short Circuit Protection	Internal Status Bits	Output Points	Module Size
239-1713	NPN (Sinking)	Yes	16 - Optional	16	Narrow





### 8. Analog I/O Modules

#### 8.1 Analog I/O Module Rules

The analog I/O modules follow the same rules as the digital I/O modules. The maximum total number of modules on the Sub-Bus is 16. The analog boards allow the user to control devices using an analog signal. The analog modules also allow the user to relay analog information from input devices. These modules are available in two analog signal types: 0-10 V and 4-20 mA. These two signal types are offered in two different I/O configurations: 2 analog input channels/ 2 analog outputs channels and 4 analog input channels.

Four I/O - 12mm Female Modules

#### **Specifications**

Input Resolution: 16 bit (65,536 Counts),
Output Resolution: 16 bit (65,536 Counts)

- Settling Time: 3 ms Max

- Absolute Precision: ≤ 1.0% of Signal

- Voltage Input Impedance: 0-10VDC - 40K Ohms

- Current Input Impedance: 250 Ohms

- Input Cutoff Frequency: 100 Hz

Module Part No.	Signal Type	Input Points	Output Points	Short Circuit Protection
240-212	0 - 10V	4	0	
240-213	0 - 10V	2	2	
240-214	4 - 20mA	4	0	Yes
240-215	4 - 20mA	2	2	
240-307	0 – 10V	2	2	



One Analog Input per Connector - M12 Female Modules

Module Part No.	Signal Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits	Input Points
240-212	0-10 VDC	VEC Visual	YES (4) – Selectable	1
240-214	4-20 mA	1 E5 – Visuai	1E5 (4) - Selectable	4

			1	nput Mappin	g				
вуте	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
X (Required)	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1 (LSB)	
X+1 (Required)	Input No. 1 (MSB)	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	
X+2 (Required)	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2 (LSB)	
X+3 (Required)	Input No. 2 (MSB)	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	
X+4 (Required)	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 3 (LSB)	
X+5 (Required)	Input No. 3 (MSB)	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	
X+6 (Required)	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 4 (LSB)	
X+7 (Required)	Input No. 4 (MSB)	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	
	Diagnostics								
X	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Power Status for Conn. D	Power Status for Conn. C	Power Status for Conn. B	Power Status for Conn. A	
X+1	High Alarm for Conn. D	Low Alarm for Conn. D	High Alarm for Conn. C	Low Alarm for Conn. C	High Alarm for Conn. B	Low Alarm for Conn. B	High Alarm for Conn. A	Low Alarm for Conn. A	



FEMALE

PIN 1= +24VDC (UNSW) PIN 2= NOT USED PIN 3= 0VDC (UNSW) PIN 4= INPUT 1





TDG3EPTM1-8EN 03/16 Subject to change without notice

One Analog I/O per Connector - M12 Female Modules

Module Part No.	Signal Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits	Output Points	Input Points
240-213	0-10 VDC	VEC Viewal	YES (4) – Selectable	2	2
240-215	4-20 mA	1E5 – Visuai	1E3 (4) - Selectable	2	<u> </u>

			0	utput Mappii	ng				
вуте	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
X	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1 (LSB)	
X+1	Output No. 1 (MSB)	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	
X+2	Output No.	Output No.	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No.	Output No.	Output No.	Output No. 2 (LSB)	
X+3	Output No. 2 (MSB)	Output No.	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No.	Output No.	
	Input Mapping								
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
X	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1 (LSB)	
X+1	Input No. 1 (MSB)	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	
X+2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2 (LSB)	
X+3	Input No. 2 (MSB)	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	
	Diagnostics								
X	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Power Status for Conn. D	Power Status for Conn. C	Power Status for Conn. B	Power Status for Conn. A	
X+1	High Alarm for Conn. D	Low Alarm for Conn. D	High Alarm for Conn. C	Low Alarm for Conn. C	High Alarm for Conn. B	Low Alarm for Conn. B	High Alarm for Conn. A	Low Alarm for Conn. A	



CONNECTORS C & D

CONNECTORS A & B

PIN 1= +24VDC (UNSW) PIN 1= +24VDC (UNSW) PIN 2= OUTPUT PIN 3= 0VDC (UNSW)

PIN 2= NOT USED PIN 3= 0VDC (UNSW)

PIN 4= INPUT

PIN 4= INPUT





TDG3EPTM1-8EN 03/16 Subject to change without notice

One Analog I/O per Connector - M12 Female Modules

Module Part No.	Signal Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits	Output Points	Input Points			
240-307	0-10 VDC YES YES		YES	2	2			
Output Manadam								

			0	16		•			
			U	utput Mappi	ng				
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
X	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1 (LSB)					
X+1	Output No. 1 (MSB)	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	
X+2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2 (LSB)	
X+3	Output No. 2 (MSB)	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No.	
	Input Mapping								
вуте	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
X	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1 (LSB)					
X+1	Input No. 1 (MSB)	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	
X+2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2 (LSB)					
X+3	Input No. 2 (MSB)	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	
				Diagnostics					
X	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Power / Short Status for Conn. D	Power / Short Status for Conn. C	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	
X+1	High Alarm for Conn. D	Low Alarm for Conn. D	High Alarm for Conn. C	Low Alarm for Conn. C	High Alarm for Conn. B	Low Alarm for Conn. B	High Alarm for Conn. A	Low Alarm for Conn. A	



#### I/O Connectors C & D (Female)

Pin 1 = +24 VDC

Pin 2 = OUTPUT

Pin 3 = 0 VDCPin 4 = INPUT

Pin 5 = NOT USED



#### AUXILIARY POWER (Male)

Pin 1 = +24 VDC (For Conn. C) Pin 2 = +24 VDC (For Conn. D)

Pin 3 = 0 VDC (For Conn. C) Pin 4 = 0 VDC (For Conn. D)



#### Input Connectors A & B (Female)

Pin 1 = +10 VDC

Pin 2 = NOT USED

Pin 3 = 0 VDCPin 4 = INPUT

Pin 5 = NOT USED



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#### 8.2 Analog Graphic Display

The G3 Analog I/O modules have an integrated graphic display that may be used to configure the parameters of the modules as well as show diagnostic information. Please see the following pages for detailed information regarding these displays.





#### Analog Module / I/O Mapping

Displays the starting Input and Output byte address for the module



#### Analog Module / Module Number

Displays the module number; identifying its position in the G3 I/O system.



#### Analog Module / Alarm Settings

Allows the setting of low and high alarms for analog inputs and outputs





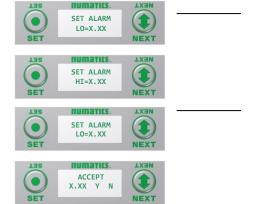


CHANNEL AXX

SET ALARM

DISABLE ALARMS





SET ALARM A0 RETURN Alarm Settings Steps

- 1. Press the SET button to enter the Alarm Settings sub-menu.
- Press the SET button to Disable all alarms (default setting)
   \*Note- Setting the Minimum value for Low alarm and the Maximum value for High alarm (for a channel) disables the alarm for that channel.
- 3. Press the NEXT button to scroll to the appropriate analog channel.
- 4. Press the SET button to set the LO alarm setting
  - a. Push the SET button to access the menu and enter the alarm value
- Press the NEXT button to SET the HI alarm setting.
  - a. Push the SET button to access the menu and enter the
  - b. Accept the changes by selecting Y and pushing SET
- Press the SET button while in the RETURN screen to return to the main menu



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#### Analog Module / Description

Displays the quantity and type of I/O on the module Ex. 2 analog Inputs and 2 analog outputs



#### Analog Module / Part number

Displays the replacement part number of the module



#### Analog Module / Firmware

Displays the firmware revision level for the module



#### Analog Module / Brightness



#### **Brightness Settings**

- 1. Press the SET button to enter the SET BRIGHTNESS menu.
- Press the NEXT button to scroll the choices for the desired brightness of the LCD display for the analog module.
  - a. LOW
  - b. MEDIUM (Factory Default)
  - c. HIGH
  - d. RETURN (this will return you to the main menu)

Press the SET button to confirm your choice. The changes will take effect immediately.



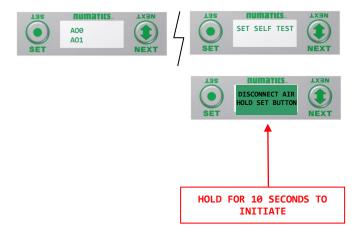
#### 8.3 Analog Module / Self Test Mode

Self test mode is an internal diagnostic tool that can be enabled on the analog module using the graphic display. This tool allows the user to confirm that all of the outputs on the module are fully functional without needing a network connection or controller. The test will cycle the analog outputs. Starting with Output 0 it will increment the analog signal at 10% intervals; once it has reached 100% it will test the next available output. The self-test will continue to run until it is turned off by pressing the SET button.

To use the Self Test Mode, the user must first set some initial conditions. Follow these steps to initiate the self-test mode.

#### 1) Disconnect Air and Communication from the manifold!

- Starting at the Home Screen, navigate the menus by selecting the NEXT button until the SELF-TEST menu is shown.
- 3) Select the SET button to access the SELF-TEST menu
- 4) A message will appear: DISCONNECT AIR HOLD SET BUTTON
- 5) Hold the SET button down for approximately 10 seconds to enable the test. The Display will flash the above message while the button is pushed.
- 6) When the display stops flashing, the self-test mode will be running
- 7) Push or hold the NEXT button to cycle through the outputs. <u>Holding</u> the NEXT button will allow the analog outputs to cycle through the 10% intervals automatically. <u>Pushing</u> the NEXT button will allow the outputs to manually step through each 10% interval.
- 8) Releasing the NEXT button will keep the output in its current state.
- 9) The self-test mode can only be disabled by pushing the SET button





### 8.4 Analog Module / Factory Defaults

FACTORY DEFAULTS

SET

DEFAULTS

SET DEFAULTS

YES NO

LX3N

LX3N

LX3N

LX3N

SET DEFAULTS

YES NO

Factory Default Settings

Press the SET button to enter the FACTORY DEFAULTS sub-menu.

Press the NEXT button to select Yes or No.

- Selecting No will bring you back to the main FACTORY DEFAULTS menu.
- Selecting Yes will cause the module to reset and return all parameters to the factory default conditions.

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.

FACTORY DEFAULT SETTINGS					
Description	Default				
Low Alarm Values	0 V / 4 mA				
High Alarm Values	10 V / 20 mA				
Brightness	Medium				



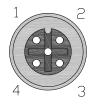
### 9. Specialty Modules

#### 9.1 RTD Module

The G3 RTD Temperature module is used with Resistive Temperature Detectors (RTDs) and can support up to 4 RTD devices simultaneously. This module supports various RTD types including: Pt100, Pt200, Pt500, Pt1000, Ni100 and Ni1000. Standard M12 single key connector types are used; each connector/port supports one RTD device, but four different device types can be used simultaneously. User configuration of parameters include: RTD type, temperature scale (Celsius or Fahrenheit), Hi/Low temperature alarms, and filter times, and can be selected individually for each connector port using the integrated display. The G3 RTD module can be incorporated into any G3 electronic system regardless of the protocol or I/O module position.







#### **FEMALE**

PIN 1 = Sensor Current Source (I+)

PIN 2 = Sense Voltage (VIN+)

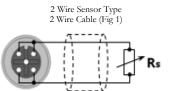
PIN 3 = Sensor Current Source (I-)

PIN 4 = Sense Voltage (VIN-)

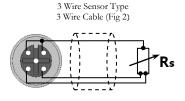
PIN 5 = Not Used



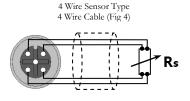
#### Sensor Wiring Diagrams



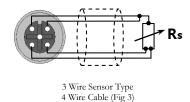
2 Wire Sensor Type Low Accuracy



3 Wire Sensor Type Medium Accuracy



4 Wire Sensor Type High Accuracy





• For maximum accuracy on a 3 wire sensor type make identified jumper connections at the sensor end (see Figure 3). Cable resistance, resulting from cable length, affects measuring error; therefore use cables that are as short as possible.

Electrical Data	
Voltage	24 VDC Module Supply (Via G3 System Aux. Power Connection)
Input Type	RTD (Resistive Temperature Detector),
	4 per Module
Supported Sensor Types	Pt100, Pt200, Pt500, Pt1000, Ni100, Ni1000
Supported Temperature Coefficients	.00385; .00392;Ω/Ω/°C
Resolution	15 bits, plus sign.
Data Format	Signed Integer; Two's complement.
Calibration	Factory Calibrated.
Innert Hadata (filter) Data	Field Calibration w/ high tolerance (± 0.005%) 100 ohm and 350 ohm resistor.
Input Update (filter) Rate	Adjustable (5-20mS), factory default: 5mS
Accuracy	0.1% of full scale @ 25° C
Mechanical Data	
I/O Connector	M12 4 Pin Female (Accepts 5 Pin)
Mass	247g / 8.7 oz
Operating Data	
Temperature Range	-10° to 115° F (-23° to 46° C)
Humidity	95% relative humidity: non-condensing
Ingress Protection	IP65 (with appropriate assembly and terminations)



### Part Numbers and Mapping

Module Part No.		I/O	О Туре	Alarms				Diagnostic	Input Points	
240-311		RTD		Hi/Low Temp for each Channel			Open/Short, Out of Range			4
Input Mapping										
BYTE	F	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	В	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
X	_	RTD nannel 0	RTD Channel 0	RTD Channel 0	RTD Channel 0		annel 0	RTD Channel 0	RTD Channel 0	RTD Channel 0
X + 1	Sign Bit Channel 0		RTD Channel 0	RTD Channel 0	RTD Channel 0		annel 0	RTD Channel 0	RTD Channel 0	RTD Channel 0
X + 2		RTD annel 1	RTD Channel 1	RTD Channel 1	RTD Channel 1		annel 1	RTD Channel 1	RTD Channel 1	RTD Channel 1
X + 3	Ch	gn Bit annel 1	RTD Channel 1	RTD Channel 1	RTD Channel 1	Ch	annel 1	RTD Channel 1	RTD Channel 1	RTD Channel 1
X + 4		RTD nannel 2	RTD Channel 2	RTD Channel 2	RTD Channel 2		annel 2	RTD Channel 2	RTD Channel 2	RTD Channel 2
X + 5	Ch	gn Bit annel 2	RTD Channel 2	RTD Channel 2	RTD Channel 2	Ch	arrD annel 2	RTD Channel 2	RTD Channel 2	RTD Channel 2
X + 6	_	RTD nannel 3	RTD Channel 3	RTD Channel 3	RTD Channel 3		annel 3	RTD Channel 3	RTD Channel 3	RTD Channel 3
X + 7		gn Bit annel 3	RTD Channel 3	RTD Channel 3	RTD Channel 3		annel	RTD Channel 3	RTD Channel 3	RTD Channel 3
				Diag	nostic Telegr	ram				
X + 8	0	annel 3 out of ange	Channel 2 Out of Range	Channel 1 Out of Range	Channel 0 Out of Range		annel 3 n/ Short	Channel 2 Open/ Short	Channel 1 Open/ Short	Channel 0 Open/ Short
X + 9		annel 3 h Alarm	Channel 3 Low Alarm	Channel 2 High Alarm	Channel 2 Low Alarm		nnel 1 n Alarm	Channel 1 Low Alarm	Channel 0 High Alarm	Channel 0 Low Alarm



Data is represented by **Two's Complement**, in tenths of a degree.



#### **RTD** Module Graphic display

RTD Module / Temperature Monitoring



1) Press the NEXT button to scroll through the Temperature Monitoring display options.

Pressing the SET button while in one of the Temperature Monitoring displays, will return the display back to the home screen.

If "DISABLED" is the temperature identified at any channel, advance the display to Sensor Type Select, to choose a sensor/Enable the channel, or press the "SET" button to jump directly to the selection display.

<u>Unused channels should be left</u> "DISABLED".



RTD Module / Sensor Type Select (Channel Enable)
Allows the sensor type for each channel to be selected, and, enable the channel selected













- A) Press the SET button to enter the Sensor Type Select sub menu.
- B) Press the NEXT button to scroll through the channels.
- C) Press the SET button to select the desired channel. If "DISABLED" is the first selection, the channel is <u>not</u> enabled. Select a sensor type to enable the channel.
- D) Press the NEXT button to scroll through the available sensor types.
- E) Press the SET button to select the desired sensor type.
- F) Press the SET button to load the selected sensor type.



RTD Module / Temperature Scale

Allows the temperature scale for each channel to be set to Celsius or Fahrenheit.







- A) Press the SET button to enter the Temp Scale sub menu.
- B) Press the NEXT button to scroll through the channels.





- C) Press the SET button to choose the desired channel.
- D) Press the NEXT button to choose the desired scale.
- **E)** Press the SET button to load the selection.



#### RTD Module / Alarm Settings

Allows the Low and High alarms of each RTD Input channel to be set. This parameter generates a visual and logical (bit) when set value is achieved.











- A) Press the SET button to enter the Alarm Settings sub-menu.
- B) Press the NEXT button to scroll through the RTD Input channels.
- C) Press the SET button to enter the alarm setting for the selected Input channel.
- D) Press the NEXT button to select the Lo or High setting for the selected channel.
- E) Press the SET button to select the change process for the chosen alarm. The first digit/sign will be highlighted.
- F) Press the NEXT button to choose the value, or the SET button to select and move to the next digit.
- G) Press the NEXT button to choose "Y" or "N" Select. Then press the SET Button to Accept.



- When alarm values are set to maximum/minimum values, the alarm function is disabled.
- Factory default settings for all alarms are disabled.



RTD Module / Advanced Setting Allows the Update Filters for each channel to be set.





- A) Press the SET button to enter the Advance Settings sub-menu.
- B) Press the NEXT button to choose the option; Update Filters or Calibrate RTD.

# NUMATICS. LXBN UPDATE FILTER



#### **Update Filters**

- C) Press the SET button to choose the Update Filter setting.
- D) Press the NEXT button to scroll through the filter times.
- E) Press the SET button to select the desired Update Filter time.



RTD Module / I/O Mapping Input Byte



#### RTD Module / Module Number (Position)



#### RTD Module / Module Description



#### RTD Module / Part Number



#### RTD Module / Firmware Revision





RTD Module / Set Display Brightness Allows the Brightness of the display to be changed







- A) press the SET button to enter the Set Brightness sub menu.
- B) Press the NEXT button to scroll through the brightness options
- C) Press the SET button to load the selection.

RTD Module / Flip Display Allows the Display to be flipped 180 degrees.









- A) press the SET button to enter the Flip Display sub menu.
- B) Press the NEXT button to choose the orientation.
- C) Press the SET button to load the selection.



RTD Module / Factory Defaults Set all parameter settings to default values.









- A) Press the SET button to enter the Factory Defaults sub menu.
- B) Presss the NEXT button to choose Yes or No.
- C) Press the SET button to confirm.
- D) Press the SET button again.



Factory Default Settings					
Alarm - High & Low	Disabled (Set to Min/Max for each chosen sensor)				
Input Update Filter	5 mS				
Sensor Type	Pt 100 385				
Temp Scale	Celsius				
Display Brightness	Medium				
Flip Display	Normal				



#### 9.2 Sub-Bus Hub Module

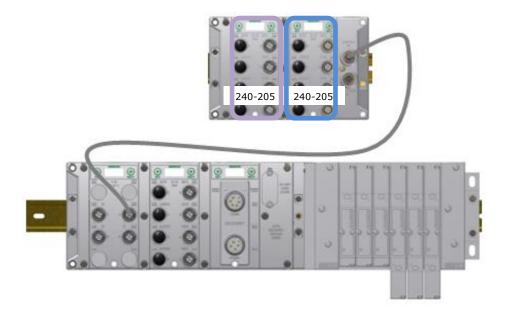
The G3 HUB module allows for branch distribution from the I/O side of the G3 System and can be integrated into the existing G3 Series Sub-Bus configuration. Auto Addressing allows for trouble free set up and configuration. Input, Output, as well as Valve manifolds can be attached to the available four Branches on a HUB module. Each G3 System can support up to two HUB modules, allowing for maximum flexibility. The HUB module is transparent to the I/O side of the G3 and does not reserve one of the potential sixteen positions.

Module Part No.	Module Type	Diagnostics	Input Size / Output Size	Branches
240-326	HUB	Sub-Bus Short Circuit	0 / 0 – See Note	4











The Sub-bus hub module does not produce mapped diagnostics. The data table in this example represents what is physically attached to the HUB module. This will change as modules are added or removed.

	Example I/O Mapping of Attached Modules									
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
X (Required)	Input 7	Input 6	Input 5	Input 4	Input 3	Input 2	Input 1	Input 0		
X + 1 (Required)	Input 15	Input 14	Input 13	Input 12	Input 11	Input 10	Input 9	Input 8		
X + 2 (Selectable)	Conn. H SCP Status	Conn. G SCP Status	Conn. F SCP Status	Conn. E SCP Status	Conn. D SCP Status	Conn. C SCP Status	Conn. B SCP Status	Conn. A SCP Status		
X + 3 (Required)	Input 7	Input 6	Input 5	Input 4	Input 3	Input 2	Input 1	Input 0		
X + 4 (Required)	Input 15	Input 14	Input 13	Input 12	Input 11	Input 10	Input 9	Input 8		
X + 5 (Selectable)	Conn. H SCP Status	Conn. G SCP Status	Conn. F SCP Status	Conn. E SCP Status	Conn. D SCP Status	Conn. C SCP Status	Conn. B SCP Status	Conn. A SCP Status		

Where  $\mathbf{X} = \text{starting byte}$ 





### Hub Module / Identification



1) Identifies HUB module in G3 System.

#### Hub Module / Description



#### Identifies Module type.

#### Hub Module / Advanced Settings



Allows the user to set/configure module parameters.

Press the SET button to advance to the first parameter/setting.

#### **Brightness**



- A) **Press the SET button to enter** the Set Brightness sub-menu and highlight the selection.
- Press the NEXT button to select the desired Brightness selection, (Low, Medium, High).



Press the SET button to slect the desired Brightness level.

Screen Jumps to Next Parameter/Selection

#### Flip Display



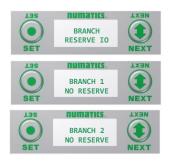
- Press the SET button to enter the Flip Display sub-menu and highlight the selection.
- Press the NEXT button to select the desired Flip Display selection, (Normal, Flipped).



- Press the SET button to select the desired display orientation.
- **G)** Press NEXT to advance to the next parameter selection (Branch Reserve



Branch Reserve I/O



- A) Press the SET button to enter the Branch Reserve IO sub-menu.
  - B) Press the NEXT button to select the desired Branch to reserve I/O bytes.

I/O data bytes can be reserved on each branch for future expansion within the G3 system. Space is reserved in Byte levels, and populates Input, Output, and Status depending on the protocol and configuration chosen (e.g. EtherNet/IP).







- C) Press the SET button to enter the chosen Branch/Byte Selection screen.
- D) Press the NEXT button to select the desired Tens value of reserved bytes.
- E) Press the SET button to set the desired Tens value.
- F) The screen will advance to the Ones selection
- G) Press the NEXT button to select the desired Ones value for reserved bytes.
- H) Press the SET button to set the desired Ones value.

Once the desired byte size is chosen for the selected branch, the screen will jump to the next branch. The same process is performed for the remaining branches, if desired. Press the NEXT button to skip over branches that do not require reserving I/O.



#### **Factory Defaults**



 Allows all parameter settings to be set back to default values.



- A) Press the SET button to enter the Factory Defaults sub menu.
- B) Press the NEXT button to choose Yes or No.
- C) Press the SET button to confirm.



D) Press the SET button again.



Factory Default Settings						
Brightness	Medium					
Flip Display	Normal					
Reserve I/O	No Reserve (all Branches)					



#### **Diagnostics**



5) Allows the user to reference Part No., Firmware Rev., and Branch Connections.

Part Number



Firmware Rev.



**Branch Connections** 



- A) Press the NEXT button to enter the Diagnostics sub-menu.
  - The Part Number screen is displayed (reference only).
- B) Press the NEXT button to advance to the Firmware revision screen (reference only).
- C) Press the NEXT button to advance to the Branch Connections screen.
- D) Press the SET button to enter the Branch Connections sub-menu.
- E) Press the NEXT button to advance through the Branches.

Each Branch screen indicates identifys the module numbers that are currently connected to that Branch.

#### **HELP**



6) Directs the user to the Numatics website.



A) Press the SET button for website address.



#### Error/Event Messages

The following are error messages that are displayed when specific faults/events occur during operation:

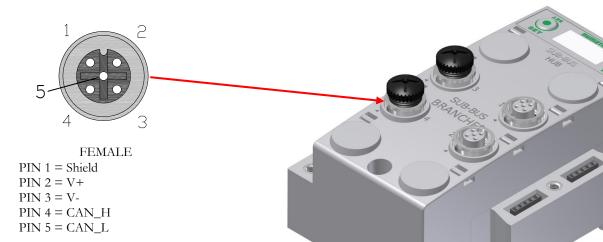


Displayed when a Sub-Bus module that had been previously installed becomes absent from the configuration



Displayed when a Sub-Bus power short circuit condition is detected

#### **Connector Pin Out**

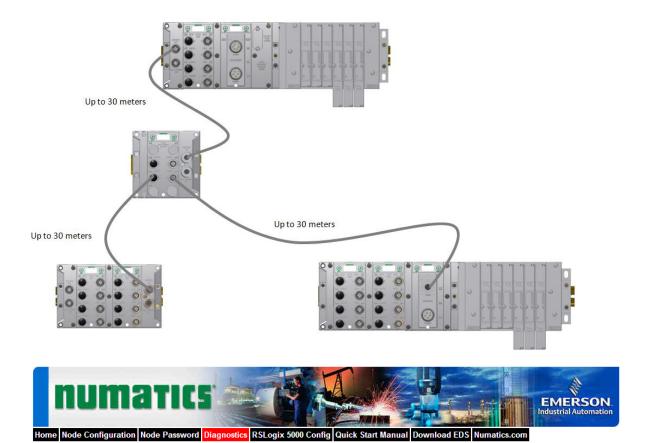




- Length of molded or field wired Sub-Bus Branch cables should not exceed the maximum length of 30 meters per Sub-Bus Branch communication link.
- The molded cable assemblies and bulk cable are the only approved cables for the G3 Sub-Bus and Branch Link. Please refer to the G3 Electronics catalog (LT-G3Catalog), for Sub-Bus cable and connectors options. See Technical Document TDG3SBWD1-0EN for proper installation and wiring of field wire-able connectors.



#### **HUB** Integration - Example



Module Par		Part No.	Description			Details	Export Config and Log	Activity	y 👛
Node 240-325			EtherNet/IP DLR/QC Communications Module			☐ Show Details Close all Details ✓			
ARM 240-182			Auto Recovery Module			☐ Show E	Details	Close all Details	✓
No. 1 240		240-205	16 Inputs PNP Digital M12 x 8			Show E	Details	Close all Details	<b>√</b>
Hub 1		240-326	Sub-Bus Hub Module			☑ Show □	etails	Close all Details	✓
	Firmware	Revision:		2.070					$\neg$
· ·				Branch 1	E	Branch 2	Branch 3 Bran		
- 450		rved (bytes):		-		-	-	-	
		Reserved Input (	-		-	-	-		
		Reserved Diagno	-				-		
	Unused F	Reserved Output	-		-	-	-		
	Module N	lo's. on branch:		-		2, 3, 4	-	5, 6	
→ Branch 2, Mo	→ Branch 2, Mod. No. 2   240-241   Sub-Bus Valve Driver					☐ Show E	Details	Close all Details	✓
→ Branch 2, Mod. No. 3 240-205			16 Inputs PNP Digital M12 x 8			☐ Show Details		Close all Details	<b>√</b>
→ Branch 2, Mod. No. 4 240-205		16 Inputs PNP Digital M12 x 8			☐ Show Details		Close all Details	✓	
→ Branch 4, Mod. No. 5 240-205		16 Inputs PNP Digital M12 x 8			Show Details Close all Details		Close all Details	<b>√</b>	
→ Branch 4, Mod. No. 6 240-205		16 Inputs PNP Digital M12 x 8		☐ Show Details Close all Details			✓		
						☐ Show E	Frror/Event Log		

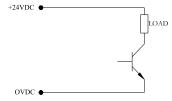


## 10. I/O Module Wiring Diagrams

#### 10.1 NPN/PNP Definitions

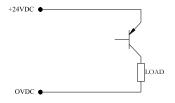
#### **NPN Descriptions**

- Sinking
- Switching Negative
- Positive Common



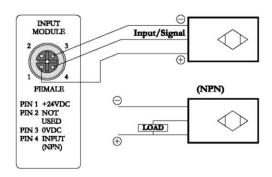
#### **PNP** Descriptions

- Sourcing
- Switching Positive
- Negative Common

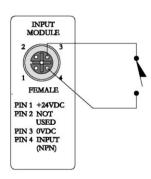


#### NPN (Sinking) Input Connection

#### **Electric Sensor Type**

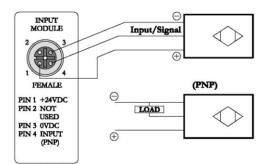


#### **Mechanical Sensor Type**

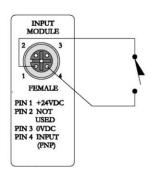


#### PNP (Sourcing) Input Connection

#### **Electric Sensor Type**



#### Mechanical Sensor Type

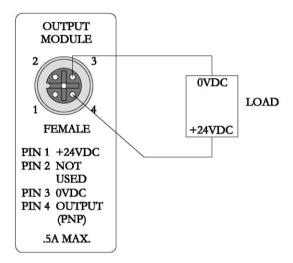




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### I/O Module Wiring Diagrams Continued

#### PNP (Sourcing) Output Connection





### **NUM 27115** G3 Series EtherNet/IP Technical Manual

### 11. EtherNet/IP<sup>TM</sup> G3 Web Server

#### 11.1 Integrated Web Page Configuration

The Numatics G3-EtherNet/IP™ node utilizes an integrated web server for user access to configuration parameters and diagnostic features. The "G3 Webpage" can be accessed via any standard web browser program. The following steps describe how to connect to a G3 series Ethernet/IP to access the integrated webpage using Windows XP (see page 110 for Windows 7 instructions).

### 11.2 Connecting to a G3 Series EtherNet/IP<sup>TM</sup> Node (Windows XP)

This section will discuss how to connect a computer to a G3 Series EtherNet/IPTM node.

- 1. Connect a 24VDC power supply to the valve manifold. The connector pin-out can be found on the side of the EtherNet/IP<sup>TM</sup> node or on page 18 of this document. (Note: 24VDC only needs to be applied to the "+24VDC (NODE & INPUTS)" pin to power the node.)
- 2. Connect an Ethernet cable directly from the manifold to the computer -OR- Connect an Ethernet cable from the manifold to a router, hub, or switch. Connect a second Ethernet cable from the computer to the router, hub, or switch. (Network lights should appear on the router, hub, or switch if the correct cables are used).
- 3. Turn on the computer. Also, make sure the manifold and the router, hub, or switch has power.
- 4. To communicate with an EtherNet/ $IP^{TM}$  manifold the IP address of your computer must be known. To start this process, left click on the "Start" button.
- 5. Right click on "My Network Places" and then scroll down to "Properties". Left click on "Properties".





• Consult appropriate personnel before changing your computer's network settings and always record previous settings for later reversal before attempting changes.

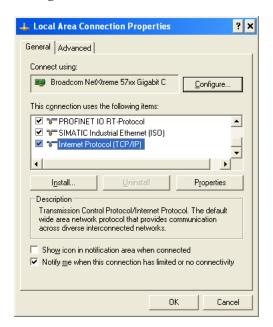


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6. The "Network Connections" window will open. Right click on "Local Area Connection".

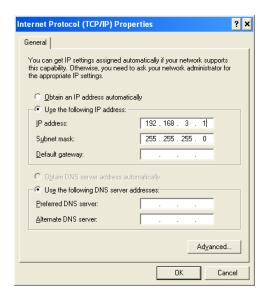


7. The "Local Area Connection Properties" window will now open. Scroll down in the box labeled, "This connection uses the following items". Locate the "Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)" option and highlight it.

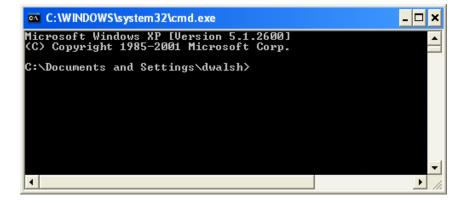




8. Left click on the "Properties" button. The "Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties" window will open. Choose the option marked "Use the following IP address" and type in an IP address that has the same first three octets as the address that you will set the manifold to. For the last octet you may choose any number from 0-255, just make sure that it is not the same number as the IP address that the manifold will have. Make sure your subnet mask is set to "255.255.255.0" (this value can be changed, but this value will be used for demonstration purposes).



- 9. Left click "OK" in the "Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties" and "Local Area Connection" windows for the changes to take effect on the computer. Close out of any open windows.
- 10. Once the IP address for the computer is known, you can set the IP address of the Numatics manifold using one of the methods described on page 29.
- 11. Left click on "Run". This will open up the "Run" window.
- 12. Type "cmd" on the command line and left click "OK". The command prompt will open.





13. Type, "Ping, and then the IP address that the manifold is set to, you can view the address on the graphical display. For example, if the IP address is 192.168.3.120, "ping 192.168.3.120" would be typed. You will get a message stating, "Reply from 192.168.3.120: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128", if the manifold responds.

```
Microsoft Windows XP [Uersion 5.1.2600]
(C) Copyright 1985-2001 Microsoft Corp.

G:\Documents and Settings\dwalsh\arp -s 192.168.3.120 00-15-24-00-01-DE

C:\Documents and Settings\dwalsh\ping 192.168.3.120

Pinging 192.168.3.120 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.3.120: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.3.120:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
```

14. Open a web browser on the computer and type the IP address of the manifold. Ex. http://192.168.3.120









## 11.3 Connecting to a G3 Series EtherNet/IP<sup>TM</sup> Node (Windows 7)

This section will discuss how to connect a computer to a G3 Series EtherNet/IP<sup>TM</sup> node. There are multiple ways to complete this task, so only two will be discussed. All computer commands are shown in Windows 7.

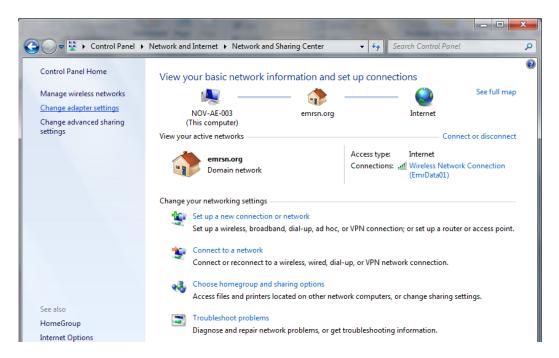
- 1. Connect a 24VDC power supply to the valve manifold. The connector pin-out can be found on the side of the EtherNet/IP<sup>TM</sup> node or on page 18 of this document. (Note: 24VDC only needs to be applied to the "+24VDC (NODE & INPUTS)" pin to power the node.)
- Connect an Ethernet cable directly from the manifold to the computer -OR- Connect an Ethernet cable
  from the manifold to a router, hub, or switch. Connect a second Ethernet cable from the computer to the
  router, hub, or switch. (Network lights should appear on the router, hub, or switch if the correct cables
  are used).
- 3. Turn on the computer. Also, make sure the manifold and the router, hub, or switch has power.
- 4. To communicate with an EtherNet/IP<sup>TM</sup> manifold the IP address of your computer must be known. To start this process, left click on the "Start" button.
- 5. Left click on control panel, then left click view network status and tasks



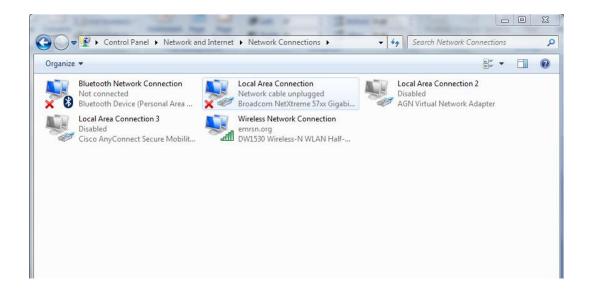


## **NUM 27115** G3 Series EtherNet/IP Technical Manual

6. The "Network and Sharing Center" window will open. Double click on "Change adapter settings".

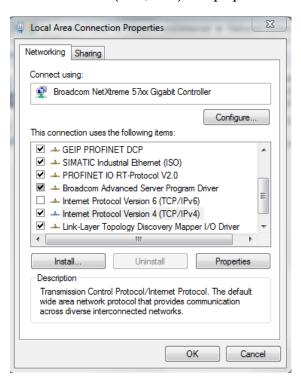


7. The "Network Connections" window opens. Double click the "Local Area Connection Icon"

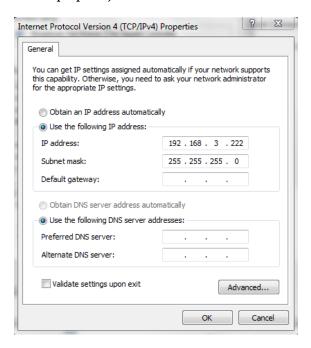




8. Click on "Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)" the properties window will open



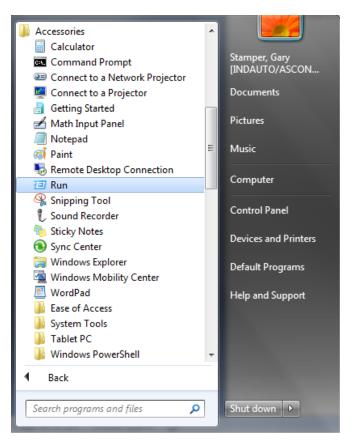
9. Choose the option marked "Use the following IP address" and type in an IP address that has the same first three octets as the address that you will set the manifold to. For the last octet you may choose any number from 0-255, just make sure that it is not the same number as the IP address that the manifold will have. Make sure your subnet mask is set to "255.255.255.0" (this value can be changed, but this value will be used for demonstration purposes).





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- 10. Left click "OK" in the "Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties" and "Local Area Connection" windows for the changes to take effect on the computer. Close out of any open windows.
- 15. Once the IP address for the computer is known, you can set the IP address of the Numatics manifold using one of the methods described on page 29.
- 11. Click on "start" then select "All Programs->Accessories->Run".



12. Type, "Ping, and then the IP address of the manifold, you can view the address on the graphical display. For example, if the IP address is 192.168.3.120, "ping 192.168.3.120" would be typed. You will get a message stating, "Reply from 192.168.3.120: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128", if the manifold responds.

```
Microsoft Windows XP [Version 5.1.2600]
(C) Copyright 1985-2001 Microsoft Corp.

C:\Documents and Settings\dwalsh\arp -s 192.168.3.120 00-15-24-00-01-DE

C:\Documents and Settings\dwalsh\ping 192.168.3.120

Pinging 192.168.3.120 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.3.120: bytes=32 time<1ms TIL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.3.120:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
```



13. Open a web browser on the computer and type the IP address of the manifold. Ex. <a href="http://192.168.3.120">http://192.168.3.120</a>. The Numatics G3 webpage should load after several seconds.









### 11.4 EtherNet/IP<sup>TM</sup> Web Server functionality

This section will discuss the functionality of the built in Ethernet server. Every Numatics EtherNet/IP<sup>TM</sup> has this feature. Through this server you can configure the node, force I/O, check diagnostics, etc. Each Numatics' web page will be explained.

#### Home

To get to the Numatics "Home" page, open a web browser. In the URL line, type in the IP address of the manifold and press "Enter". The Numatics "Home" page will appear. This page shows a picture of the Numatics EtherNet/IP<sup>TM</sup> manifold. From this page, the user can navigate the entire built-in web server.









• The 1st three octets of the IP address of the computer MUST match the IP address of the node.



#### Node Configuration

The "Node Configuration" window can be used to control different parameters within the manifold. These parameters include, "IP Address", "Subnet Mask", "Gateway Address", "SMTP Server", "DHCP/BOOTP enabled", "MAC Address", and "COMM Fault/Idle Mode". "DHCP/BOOTP enabled" is controlled by a single check mark box. "COMM Fault/Idle Mode" has two options that can be chosen: "Hold last Output State" and "Turn OFF All Outputs". *IP address, Subnet Mask, and DHCP/BOOTP enabled* selections can all be configured from this page.



Node Configuration					
(Green selections denote Factory Default settings)					
DHCP:	Enabled ▼				
IP Address:	10.200.75.79				
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0				
Gateway IP Address:	10.200.75.1				
Web Server:	Enabled ▼				
COMM Fault / Idle Mode:	Turn OFF All Outputs ▼				
Diagnostic Word:	Mapped ▼				
I/O (Diagnostics) Status:	Mapped ▼				
Node Configuration Parameters:	Unlocked ▼				
I/O Configuration:	Unlocked ▼				
Save Error / Event Log Entries to Non-Volatile Memory (Disable during machine commissioning / debugging)	Enabled ▼				
SNMP	Supported				
Display Orientation (Global):	Normal ▼				
Display Brightness:	Medium ▼				
Comm. Format (I/O Data Padding)	SINT ▼				
TCP Timeout (Timeout in minutes)	1 •				
User Defined Links:	Show Details				

Update Configuration

These parameters will be programmed in the node's non-volatile FLASH memory once "Update Configuration" is clicked, and power to the node is cycled. The "Configuration Successfully Updated" window will appear. The Ethernet/IP<sup>TM</sup> node will reset in a few seconds, or the user may cycle power to enable the new configuration.



Configuration Successfully Updated

This EtherNet node will reset in a few seconds, or you may cycle power to enable the new configuration.

Note: If you have altered the IP Address or subnet settings, be sure to adjust your browser/computer settings accordingly



#### **Password**

The "Password" window allows the user to set a password that will prevent unwanted access to the I/O Force and Test functionality. The password comes disabled from the factory. To set the initial password, leave the "Enter Current Password" field blank and type in the new password in the "Enter New Password" field.



Change Pass	word
Enter Current Password: (up to 20 characters)	
Enter New Password: (up to 20 characters)	
Repeat New Password:	

This page allows password protection of the Node Configuration page and the I/O Force & Test features of the Diagnostics page. To disable password protection, leave the "Enter New password" box empty. If you have forgotten a previously set password please contact Numatics Technical support.

Once a Password has been set, the security check screen will appear when accessing the I/O force and test page







• If the password has been lost or forgotten, go through the process of changing the password. Enter the last 6 digits of the MAC Address in the current password field and then enter the desired password in the new password field.



#### **Diagnostics**

The "Diagnostics" window allows the user to monitor different values. These values include, "MAC Address", "Serial Number", "Firmware Revision", and "Valve Diagnostic Table". The "Valve Diagnostic Table" enables the user to check the status of the valve side outputs.



**Current Configuration** 

Actual
Configuration of
modules with part
numbers and
descriptions
including
distributed modules

Module	Part No.	Description	Details	Activity .
Node	240-181	EtherNet/IP Communications Module	Show Details	✓
Valve Driver	219-828	Valve Driver Output Module	☐ Show Details	✓
ARM	240-182	Auto Recovery Module	Show Details	✓
No. 1	240-300	8 Outputs High Current PNP Digital M12 x 4	☐ Show Details	✓
No. 2	240-209	16 Inputs NPN Digital M12 x 8	Show Details	✓
No. 3	240-205	16 Inputs PNP Digital M12 x 8	☐ Show Details	✓
No. 4	240-204	16 Inputs NPN Digital Terminal Strip	Show Details	✓
No. 5	240-213	2 Inputs / 2 Outputs 0-10V Analog M12 x 4	Show Details	✓
No. 6	240-214	4 Inputs 4-20mA Analog M12 x 4	Show Details	✓
No. 7	240-205	16 Inputs PNP Digital M12 x 8	☐ Show Details	✓
No. 8	240-207	16 Outputs PNP Digital M12 x 8	Show Details	✓
No. 9	240-241	Sub-Bus Valve Driver	☐ Show Details	✓
No. 10	240-215	2 Inputs / 2 Outputs 4-20 mA Analog M17 x 4	Show Details	✓
No. 11	240-206	8 Inputs PNP Digital M12 x 8	☐ Show Details	✓
No. 12	240-207	16 Outputs PNP Digital M12 x 8	Show Details	✓
No. 13	240-210	8 Inputs NPN Digital M12 x 8	☐ Show Details	✓
No. 14	240-205	16 Inputs PNP Digital M12 x 8	Show Details	✓
			☐ Show Error/Event Log	
		/	Show User Defined Links	

Reports module status:

**✓** = OK

! = Attention

X = Lost comm.

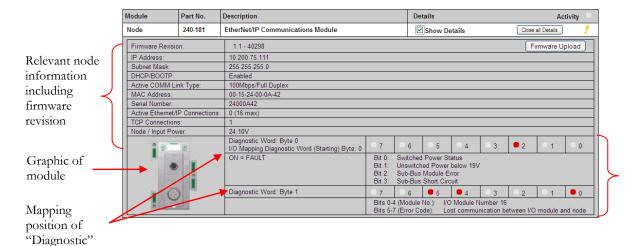
Selects which module details will be shown, more than 1 can be selected simultaneously.



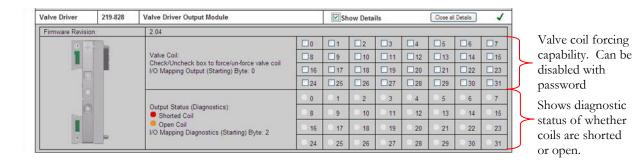
#### **Show Details:**

word.





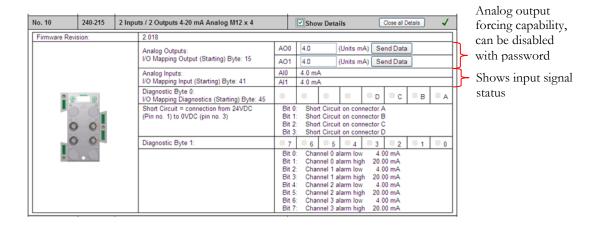
Diagnostic word information with bit definitions presently shows: Error on Sub-bus, module 16 not communicating.





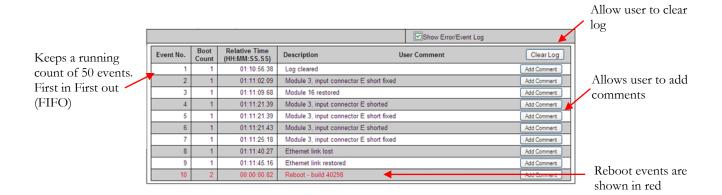
#### **Show Details:**







Error / Event Log:





RS Logix 5000 Configuration



Home Node Configuration Node Password Diagnostics RSLogix 5000 Config Quick Start Manual Download EDS Numatics.com

#### Configuration with RSLogix 5000

When commissioning your EtherNet/IP network, specific values must be entered into the "Module Properties" window for the nodes. The "Connection Parameters" section requires user supplied data for "Input Size", "Output Size", and "Configuration". The table below details all pertinent information and is also dynamic, thus the "Size" data is based on the current/actual configuration of the manifold. It contains the appropriate values for the module's Connection Parameters selections.

The sample screenshot is taken from Rockwell Automation's RSLogix 5000 programming software. It shows where the appropriate values for the IP Address, Assembly Instance, Size, and Configuration must be entered.

	Connection Parameters							
Description Assembly   Comm Format				Notes				
		Data-SINT (8 bit)	8					
Input	100 (Decimal)	Data-INT (16 bit)	4	The Size values are determined from the number and type of I/O modules that are				
		Data-DINT (32 bit)	2	installed on the manifold (actual physical configuration).				
		Data-SINT (8 bit)	4	These values are shown in the Size column on the left and are for the specific Comm				
Output	150 (Decimal)	Data-INT (16 bit)	2	Format selected. This is a minimum value. Larger values may be specified but may				
		Data-DINT (32 bit)	1	affect overall network throughput.				
Configuration	1 (Decimal)	ALL	0					



#### Download EDS

The "Download EDS" tab provides a link to download either the embedded EDS file in the node or the EDS file available on the Numatics website <a href="http://www.numatics.com/">http://www.numatics.com/</a>

#### Numatics.com

The "Numatics.com" tab is a quick link to Numatics' website. The computer must have internet access for this tab to be functional.



Download embedded EDS & ICON files Download web based EDS & ICON files



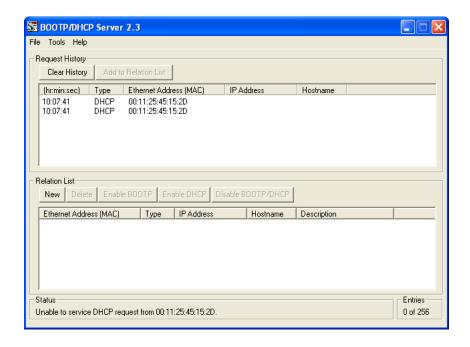
#### 11.5 IP Address Configuration

The IP address of the Numatics G3 EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> node may be configured via several different methods:

- DHCP/BOOTP
- Integrated Web Page Configuration
- Manual Configuration via DIP Switch
- Graphical display

#### DHCP / BOOTP

The node is shipped from the factory with the DHCP/BOOTP feature enabled. This allows a DHCP server to automatically set the IP address to the node when connected to the network, or a BOOTP server to establish communication to the node and set the IP address. These addressing methods require that the unique MAC ADDRESS of the node is known. The MAC ADDRESS is displayed on the graphical display of the node. It will be different for every node. When DHCP/BOOTP is enabled and a DHCP server is found, the IP address, Subnet mask, and gateway are automatically configured by the DHCP server.

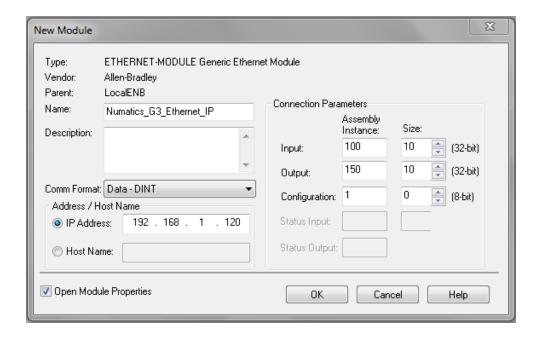


The DHCP/BOOTP setting can be enabled or disabled via the nodes integrated web server or graphical display.



### 11.6 Configuration with RSLogix 5000

When commissioning your EtherNet/IP™ network, specific parameters must be entered into the RS Logix 5000 Generic Ethernet Module configuration. These parameters include: "Comm Format", "Assembly Instance", "Input Size", "Output Size", and "Configuration". The "Size" values are determined from the actual physical configuration of the manifold (i.e. how many and which I/O modules are installed on the manifold. The manifold required data size can easily be determined through the RS Logix 5000 Config. tab of the Ethernet IP webpage see page 106). The size values are a minimum value; higher values can be used if future manifold I/O expansion is required. An example of the Generic Ethernet module configuration box is shown below.





#### Generic Ethernet Module Parameters

Comm. Format

The "Comm Format" determines the format of the data exchanged with the G3 EtherNet/IPTM node.

The "Comm Format" parameter "with status"; writes the G3 diagnostic and I/O status and diagnostic data to a separate PLC status table.

Description	Data
Comm. Format	Data – DINT
	Data – INT
	Data - REAL
	Data – SINT

#### **Assembly Instance Values**

The following Assembly Instance parameters must used with the G3 EtherNet/IP<sup>TM</sup> module.

Description	Assembly Instance Values	Size (depends on data format)
Input	100 (Decimal)	Total input value from the physical manifold configuration. This is a minimum value. Larger values may be specified for future expansion purposes.
Output	150 (Decimal)	Total output value from the physical manifold configuration. This is a minimum value. Larger values may be specified for future expansion purposes.
Configuration	1 (Decimal)	0



### 11.7 User Configurable Device Parameters

The Numatics' G3 Ethernet/IP node allows the user to set many user options which define how the manifold behaves in certain instances. The following is a description of these device parameters.

Name	Description	Display	Web Server
IP Address	Node address	J	1
DHCP Boot-P	Enables / Disables DHCP/Boot-P functionality	<b>\</b>	J
Web Server	Web Server Enabled		J
Comm. Format	Sets Comm. format of I/O data	J	J
Quick Connect	Enables fast connection of the Ethernet IP network	J	J
Output Idle Action Determines whether to use idle value attribute or hold last state		J	J
Output Fault Action	Determines whether to use idle value attribute or hold last state	J	J



#### 11.8 Communication Fault/Idle Mode Parameter

This parameter is used to describe characteristics or behaviors of output points (bits). The parameter shown below is used to determine what state the outputs will have, during an "Idle" event and a "Fault" event. The Communication Fault/Idle Mode parameter will allow control of all output points on the manifold.

The user, through web page or graphic display settings, can determine how the outputs behave when a communication fault or idle actions occurs. These settings are non-volatile and thus will not change upon loss of power.

The two behavior options are:

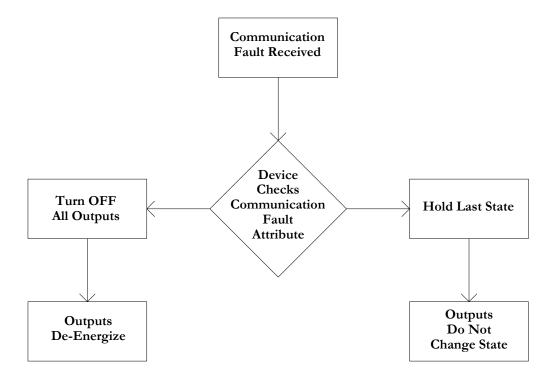
- 1. Hold Last State
- 2. Turn Off All Outputs

Communication Fault / Idle Mode Sequence

The Communication Fault/Idle Mode parameter determines the output state if the device encounters a communication fault and/or idle action. A Communication Fault is defined as an inability for the master node to communicate with a slave node on a network. Idle Mode is a condition when the processor is in program mode.

The process for determining the output state during a Communication Fault/Idle Mode is as follows:

- 1. The device receives a Communication Fault/Idle Mode event.
- 2. The device determines what action to take based on the Communication Fault/Idle Mode attribute setting.
- 3. If the attribute is set to turn off all outputs, all of the outputs will turn off (Factory Default Setting).
- 4. If the attribute is set to hold last state, all of the outputs will hold their last state.





TDG3EPTM1-8EN 03/16 Subject to change without notice

## 12. EtherNet/IP<sup>TM</sup> Mapping

#### 12.1 **I/O Sizes**

#### Manifold

#### **Outputs**

Outputs are defined as any valve solenoid coil and/or any discrete output point from any output module. The output size depends upon the physical configuration of the manifold (i.e. module type and how many are used). Please reference the following pages for a detailed explanation for calculating the output size.

#### **Inputs**

Inputs are defined as physical input bits from input modules and status bits (i.e. diagnostic word generated by the node, status input bits produced by output drivers and SCP status bits). Thus, the input size will include physical input points, as well as status input bits. Please reference the following pages for a detailed explanation for calculating the input size.

#### Valve Side

The size for the "valve side" of the manifold consists of an output bit for each valve solenoid coil driver and an input bit for the corresponding diagnostic status input bit. This value for the valve side size is 4 bytes of inputs and 4 bytes of outputs.

#### Discrete Side

The discrete side of the manifold is defined as all I/O modules connected to the left of the communication node. This includes physically attached modules as well as any distributed sub-bus modules. I/O sizes for the discrete side are automatically configured based on the I/O module type installed. However, the user can affect these sizes manually via settable parameters on the node. The output value consists of physical outputs (i.e. output bit for each output point). The input value consists of physical inputs (i.e. input bit for each input point) and user settable status input bits for corresponding physical outputs and SCP status bits.

#### Total I/O Size

The overall size of the I/O data for the manifold will consist of the valve size plus the discrete I/O size and all enabled Diagnostic bits. The I/O size can vary greatly, due to the many physical configuration and user settable parameters combinations. The worksheet on page 130 will allow accurate sizing of the I/O data.



#### 12.2 Manifold and I/O Data Sizing Worksheet Step

- : Choose appropriate value and place the corresponding Input and Output values in the boxes labeled, "Valve Byte Requirements" at the bottom of the page
- 2

3

- : Choose up to sixteen modules to be included on the discrete I/O side of the manifold and place sum of the corresponding input bytes and output bytes in the boxes labeled, "Sub-Bus Byte Requirements" at the bottom of the page.
- : Total the input bytes and output bytes values from the boxes labeled "Sub-Bus Byte Requirements" and "Valve Byte Requirements" in the boxes labeled "Total Input and Output Bytes for Manifold. This is the total input and output byte values required for the configured

Valve S	Valve Side							
Step	Valve Side	Input Status Enabled	Bytes Status Disabled	Output Bytes				
1	Up to 32 Solenoid Coils		4	0	4			

Digital	Digital Modules							
			Input	Bytes				
Step	Module No.	Description	Status Enabled	Status Disabled	Output Bytes			
	240-203/204	16 Inputs - Terminal Strip	3	2	0			
	240-205/209	16 Inputs - 8 x 12mm	3	2	0			
	240-206/210	8 Inputs - 8 x 12mm	2	1	0			
2	240-207	16 Outputs - 8 x 12mm	2	0	2			
	240-208	8 Outputs - 8 x 12mm	1	0	1			
	240-211	8 Inputs / 8 Outputs - 8 x 12mm	3	1	1			
	240-241	Sub – Bus Valve Output	4	0	4			
	240-300	High Current 8 Outputs – 8 x 12mm	1	0	1			

Analog	Analog Modules						
Step	tep Module No. Description			Bytes Status Disabled	Output Bytes		
2	240-212/214	4 Inputs	10	8	0		
	240-213/215/307	2 Inputs/ 2 Outputs	6	4	4		

Total I	Total Input/Output Size Calculation							
Step	Module Position	Model Number	Input Bytes	Output Bytes				
	1 <sup>st</sup>							
	$2^{\mathrm{nd}}$							
	3 <sup>rd</sup>							
	4 <sup>th</sup>							
	5 <sup>th</sup>							
	6 <sup>th</sup>							
	7 <sup>th</sup>							
	8 <sup>th</sup>							
2	9 <sup>th</sup>							
	10 <sup>th</sup>							
	11 <sup>th</sup>							
	12 <sup>th</sup>							
	13 <sup>th</sup>							
	14 <sup>th</sup>							
	15 <sup>th</sup>							
	16 <sup>th</sup>							
		Sub-Bus Byte Requirements:						
		Optional Diagnostic Word:	2	0				
1		Valve Byte Requirements:						
3		Total Input and Output Bytes for Manifold						



## **NUM 27115** G3 Series EtherNet/IP Technical Manual

### 12.3 Bit Mapping Rules

The bit mapping for a G3 manifold varies with the physical configuration of the manifold. The following is a breakdown of the bit mapping rules associated with the Numatics valve manifold.

#### Valve Side

- 1) Solenoid coil outputs are connected to the valve coils using the Z-Boards™.
- 2) The valve solenoid coil output portion of the total output size is fixed at 4 bytes.
- 3) Each solenoid coil output has an associated status input bit (refer to the section labeled, "Output Short Circuit Protection", on page 26 for functional details). The solenoid coil status input size is fixed at 4 bytes.
- 4) Solenoid coil output addressing begins at the 1st manifold station nearest the node using "14" coil 1st and then, if applicable, the "12" coil, and continues in ascending order away from the communication node.
- 5) Each manifold station allocates 1 or 2 output bits. This is dependent on the Z-Board<sup>™</sup> type installed. A single Z-Board<sup>™</sup> allocates 1 output bit. A double Z-Board<sup>™</sup> allocates 2 output bits.
- 6) Z-Boards<sup>™</sup> can be used in any arrangement (all singles, all doubles, or any combination) as long as output group No.1 and output group No. 2 bits do not overlap (i.e. combinations of Z-Boards<sup>™</sup> could exist where the physical configuration of the manifold could exceed the output capacity.



• Single solenoid valves can be used with double Z-Boards<sup>TM</sup>. However, one of the two available outputs will remain unused.

#### Discrete I/O Side

#### **Outputs**

- The Sub-Bus output byte size portion is self-configuring in byte increments, after an output module is installed on the Sub-Bus and power is applied.
- 2) Outputs are mapped consecutively by module. The output bits from the 1st module will be mapped directly after the bits from the valve coils. The output bits from the second module will be mapped directly after the output bits from the 1st module and so on.

#### **Inputs**

- 1) The Sub-Bus input byte size portion is self-configuring in byte increments, after an input module is plugged into back plane and power is applied.
- 2) Inputs are mapped consecutively by module. The input bits from the 1st module will be mapped directly after the status bits from the valve side. The input bits from the second module will be mapped directly after the input bits from the 1st module and so on.
- 3) All of the modules have associated internal status bits, which will affect the total value of input bytes..
- 4) When a module has discrete and status inputs, the status bits are mapped after the discrete input bits.



### I/O Mapping Examples

#### **Assumed Settings**

### 12.4 Example No. 1

- Double Z-Boards<sup>TM</sup> used with all valves
- I/O Modules and mapping schemes are identified by their corresponding color.
- I/O Status bits are enabled
- Diagnostic Word is enabled

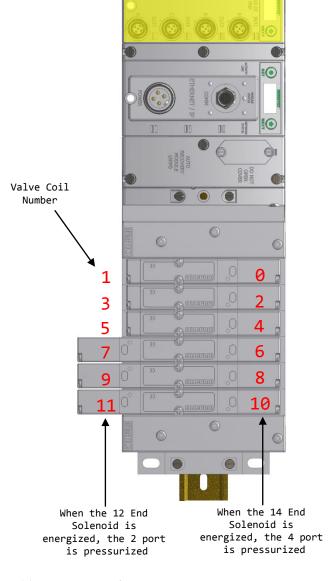
#### Manifold I/O Configuration

Pos	Module Type	Part No.	In	Out	
No.	wiodine Type	Fait Ivo.	By	vtes	
1	16I PNP	240-205	3	0	
2	4AI Analog	240-212	10	0	
	Diagnostic Word				
	4	4			

Total: 19 4

#### How to Order

Qty	Part Number
1	AK3EF00003NDRM
3	051BA4Z2MN00061
3	051BB4Z2MN00061
1	G3EP102R0G32
1	240-205
1	240-212
	ASSEMBLED





TDG3EPTM1-8EN 03/16 Subject to change without notice

Example No. 1 Table

	Output Table								
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
0	Valve Coil								
	No. 7	No. 6	No. 5	No. 4	No. 3	No. 2	No. 1	No. 0	
1	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	
	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	No. 11	No. 10	No. 9	No. 8	
2	Allocated and								
	Reserved								
3	Allocated and								
	Reserved								

				Input Tabl	e			
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
	Comm.							
0	Module							
(Optional)	Diagnostic Bit							
1	Sub-bus							
(Optional)	Diagnostic Bit							
2	Coil No. 7	Coil No. 6	Coil No. 5	Coil No. 4	Coil No. 3	Coil No. 2	Coil No. 1	Coil No. 0
(Optional)	Status							
3	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Coil No. 11	Coil No. 10	Coil No. 9	Coil No. 8
(Optional)	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Status	Status	Status	Status
4	Allocated and							
(Optional)	Reserved							
5	Allocated and							
(Optional)	Reserved							
6	Discrete Input							
0	No. 7	No. 6	No. 5	No. 4	No. 3	No. 2	No. 1	No. 0
7	Discrete Input							
,	No. 15	No. 14	No. 13	No. 12	No. 11	No. 10	No. 9	No. 8
8	Power Status							
(Optional)	for Conn. H	for Conn. G	for Conn. F	for Conn. E	for Conn. D	for Conn. C	for Conn. B	for Conn. A
9	Analog	Analog Input						
	Input No. 1	No. 1 (LSB)						
10	Analog Input	Analog						
	No. 1 (MSB)	Input No. 1						
11	Analog	Analog Input						
	Input No. 2	No. 2 (LSB)						
12	Analog Input	Analog						
	No. 2 (MSB)	Input No. 2						
13	Analog	Analog Input						
	Input No. 3	No. 3 (LSB)						
14	Analog Input	Analog						
	No. 3 (MSB)	Input No. 3						
15	Analog	Analog Input						
	Input No. 4	No. 4 (LSB)						
16	Analog Input	Analog						
	No.4 (MSB)	Input No. 4						
17	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status
(Optional)	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	for Conn. D	for Conn. C	for Conn. B	for Conn. A
18	High Alarm	Low Alarm for	High Alarm	Low Alarm for	High Alarm for	Low Alarm for	High Alarm	Low Alarm for
(Optional)	for Conn. D	Conn. D	for Conn. C	Conn. C	Conn. B	Conn. B	for Conn. A	Conn. A



• The Comm. Module Diagnostic Bits, Sub-Bus Diagnostic Bits, Coil Status Bits and Power Status Bits are optional. The factory default condition is Diagnostic bits enabled. These bits may be disabled to optimize the logical size of the manifold.



### **Assumed Settings**

### 12.5 Example No. 2

- Double Z-Boards<sup>TM</sup> used with all valves
- I/O Modules and mapping schemes are identified by their corresponding color.
- I/O Status bits are enabled
- Diagnostic Word is enabled

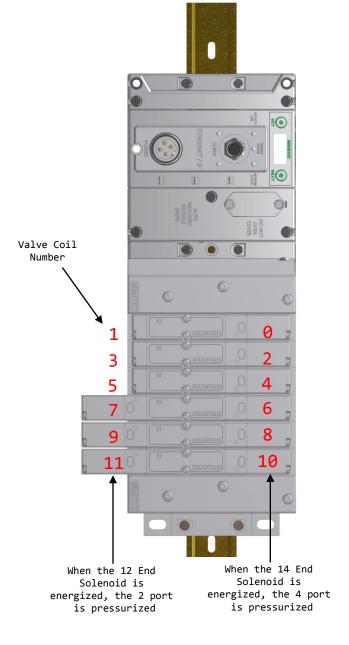
### Manifold I/O Configuration

Pos.	Module Type	Part No.	In	Out			
No.	Module Type	Tait 1VO.	$B_{\mathcal{Y}}$	vtes			
	Diagnos	tic Word	2	0			
	Local Valve Size:						

Total: 6 4

#### How to Order

Qty	Part Number
1	AK3EF00003NDRM
3	051BA4Z2MN00061
3	051BB4Z2MN00061
1	G3EP100R0G32
	ASSEMBLED





Example No. 2 Table

	Output Table								
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
0	Valve Coil								
	No. 7	No. 6	No. 5	No. 4	No. 3	No. 2	No. 1	No. 0	
1	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	
	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	No. 11	No. 10	No. 9	No. 8	
2	Allocated and								
	Reserved								
3	Allocated and								
	Reserved								

				Input Tabl	e			
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0 (Optional)	Comm. Module Diagnostic Bit							
1	Sub-bus							
(Optional)	Diagnostic Bit							
2	Coil No. 7	Coil No. 6	Coil No. 5	Coil No. 4	Coil No. 3	Coil No. 2	Coil No. 1	Coil No. 0
(Optional)	Status							
3	Coil No. 15	Coil No. 14	Coil No. 13	Coil No. 12	Coil No. 11	Coil No. 10	Coil No. 9	Coil No. 8
(Optional)	Status							
4	Coil No. 23	Coil No. 22	Coil No. 21	Coil No. 20	Coil No. 19	Coil No. 18	Coil No. 17	Coil No. 16
(Optional)	Status							
5	Coil No. 31	Coil No. 30	Coil No. 29	Coil No. 28	Coil No. 27	Coil No. 26	Coil No. 25	Coil No. 24
(Optional)	Status							



• The Comm. Module Diagnostic Bits, Sub-Bus Diagnostic Bits, Coil Status Bits and Power Status Bits are optional. The factory default condition is Diagnostic bits are enabled. These bits may be disabled to optimize the logical size of the manifold



# **NUM 27165** G3 Series EtherNet/IP Technical Manual

### **Assumed Settings**

#### 12.6 Example No. 3

- Double Z-Boards<sup>TM</sup> used with all valves
- I/O Modules and mapping schemes are identified by their corresponding color.
- I/O Status bits are enabled
- Diagnostic Word is enabled

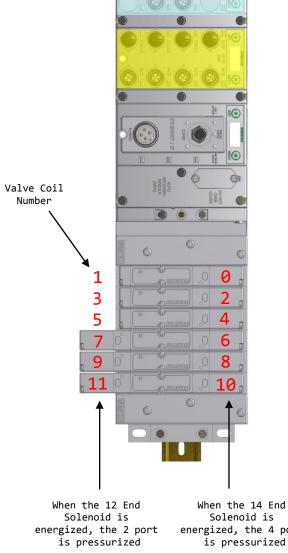
#### Manifold I/O Configuration

Pos	Madula Tuna	Part No.	In	Out			
No.	Module Type	Part INO.	By	vtes			
1	16I PNP	240-205	3	0			
2	4AI Analog	240-212	10	0			
3	16I PNP	240-203	3	0			
	Diagnostic Word						
	Loca	4	4				

Total: 22 4

#### How to Order

Qty	Part Number
1	AK3EF00003NDRM
3	051BA4Z2MN00061
3	051BB4Z2MN00061
1	G3EP103D0G32
1	240-205
1	240-212
1	240-203
	ASSEMBLED



When the 14 End energized, the 4 port



Example No. 3 Table

	Output Table							
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	Valve Coil							
	No. 7	No. 6	No. 5	No. 4	No. 3	No. 2	No. 1	No. 0
1	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil
	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	No. 11	No. 10	No. 9	No. 8
2	Allocated and							
	Reserved							
3	Allocated and							
	Reserved							

	Input Table							
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
	Comm.	Comm.	Comm.	Comm.	Comm.	Comm.	Comm.	Comm.
0 (Optional)	Module	Module	Module	Module	Module	Module	Module	Module
(Ориона)	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit
1	Sub-bus	Sub-bus	Sub-bus	Sub-bus	Sub-bus	Sub-bus	Sub-bus	Sub-bus
(Optional)	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit
2	Coil No. 7	Coil No. 6	Coil No. 5	Coil No. 4	Coil No. 3	Coil No. 2	Coil No. 1	Coil No. 0
(Optional)	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status
(Ontional)	Coil No. 15	Coil No. 14	Coil No. 13	Coil No. 12	Coil No. 11	Coil No. 10	Coil No. 9	Coil No. 8
(Optional)	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status
4 (Optional)	Coil No. 23 Status	Coil No. 22 Status	Coil No. 21 Status	Coil No. 20 Status	Coil No. 19 Status	Coil No. 18 Status	Coil No. 17 Status	Coil No. 16 Status
	Coil No. 31	Coil No. 30	Coil No. 29	Coil No. 28	Coil No. 27	Coil No. 26	Coil No. 25	Coil No. 24
5 (Optional)	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status
	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input
6	No. 7	No. 6	No. 5	No. 4	No. 3	No. 2	No. 1	No. 0
	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input
7	No. 15	No. 14	No. 13	No. 12	No. 11	No. 10	No. 9	No. 8
8	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status
(Optional)	for Conn. H	for Conn. G	for Conn. F	for Conn. E	for Conn. D	for Conn. C	for Conn. B	for Conn. A
9	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog Input
,	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	No. 1 (LSB)
10	Analog Input	Analog						
10	No. 1 (MSB)	Input No. 1						
11	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog Input
	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	No. 2 (LSB)
12	Analog Input	Analog						
	No. 2 (MSB)	Input No. 2						
13	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog Input No. 3	Analog Input
	Input No. 3 Analog Input	Input No. 3 Analog	Input No. 3 Analog	Input No. 3 Analog	Input No. 3 Analog	Input No. 3 Analog	Analog	No. 3 (LSB) Analog
14	No. 3 (MSB)	Input No. 3						
	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog Input
15	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	No. 4 (LSB)
	Analog Input	Analog						
16	No.4 (MSB)	Input No. 4						
17	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status
(Optional)	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	for Conn. D	for Conn. C	for Conn. B	for Conn. A
18	High Alarm	Low Alarm for	High Alarm	Low Alarm for	High Alarm for	Low Alarm for	High Alarm	Low Alarm for
(Optional)	for Conn. D	Conn. D	for Conn. C	Conn. C	Conn. B	Conn. B	for Conn. A	Conn. A
19	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input
	No. 7	No. 6	No. 5	No. 4	No. 3	No. 2	No. 1	No. 0
20	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input
	No. 15	No. 14	No. 13	No. 12	No. 11	No. 10	No. 9	No. 8
21 (Optional)	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status
(Optional)	for Conn. H	for Conn. G	for Conn. F	for Conn. E	for Conn. D	for Conn. C	for Conn. B	for Conn. A



## **NUM 27115** G3 Series EtherNet/IP Technical Manual

#### **Assumed Settings**

### 12.7 Example No. 4

- Double Z-Boards<sup>TM</sup> used with all valves
- I/O Modules and mapping schemes are identified by their corresponding color.
- I/O Status bits are enabled
- Diagnostic Word is enabled

### Manifold I/O Configuration

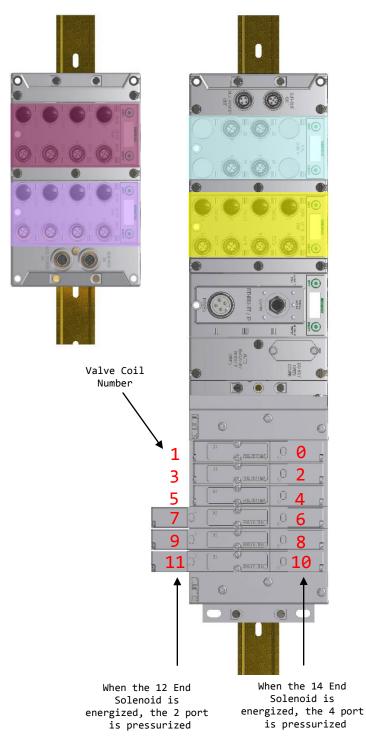
Pos	Madula Tuna	Part No.	In	Out		
No.	Module Type	Part INO.	By	vtes		
1	16I PNP	240-205	3	0		
2	4I Analog	240-212	10	0		
3	16I PNP	240-205	3	0		
4	16I PNP	240-205	3	0		
	Diagnostic Word					
	4	4				

Total: 18 4

#### How to Order

Qty	Part Number
1	AK3EF00003NDRM
3	051BA4Z2MN00061
3	051BB4Z2MN00061
1	G3EP102R0G32
1	240-205
1	240-212
	ASSEMBLED

1	G3DS302D0DRM
1	240-205
1	240-205
	ASSEMBLED





### Example No. 4 Table

	Output Table									
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
0	Valve Coil									
	No. 7	No. 6	No. 5	No. 4	No. 3	No. 2	No. 1	No. 0		
1	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil		
	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	No. 11	No. 10	No. 9	No. 8		
2	Allocated and									
	Reserved									
3	Allocated and									
	Reserved									

BYTE   Bit 7   Bit 6   Bit 5   Bit 4   Bit 3   Bit 2   Bit 1   Bit 0   Comm. Module   Comm. Module   Diagnostic Bit Diagnost	Input Table									
Module   Module   Module   Module   Module   Diagnostic Bit   Diagnosti	BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
Discrete Input   Disc		Comm.								
Diagnostic Bit   Diag		Module								
Diagnostic Bit   Diag	(Optional)	Diagnostic Bit								
Copin   Copi		Sub-bus								
Status   S	(Optional)	Diagnostic Bit								
Coil No. 15	2	Coil No. 7	Coil No. 6	Coil No. 5	Coil No. 4	Coil No. 3	Coil No. 2	Coil No. 1	Coil No. 0	
Status   S	(Optional)	Status								
Coil No. 23   Coil No. 22   Coil No. 21   Status   Stat	3	Coil No. 15	Coil No. 14	Coil No. 13	Coil No. 12	Coil No. 11	Coil No. 10	Coil No. 9	Coil No. 8	
Status   S	(Optional)	Status	Status	Status	Status		Status	Status	Status	
Social No. 30	4	Coil No. 23	Coil No. 22	Coil No. 21	Coil No. 20	Coil No. 19	Coil No. 18	Coil No. 17	Coil No. 16	
Status   S	(Optional)	Status								
Discrete Input No. 7   No. 6   No. 1	5	Coil No. 31	Coil No. 30	Coil No. 29	Coil No. 28	Coil No. 27	Coil No. 26	Coil No. 25	Coil No. 24	
No. 1	(Optional)	Status								
No. 7   No. 6   No. 5   No. 4   No. 3   No. 2   No. 1   No. 0		Discrete Input								
No. 15	6	No. 7			No. 4	No. 3			No. 0	
No. 15   No. 14   No. 15   No. 14   No. 15   No. 12   No. 11   No. 10   No. 9   No. 8	_	Discrete Input								
Optional   For Conn.   For	/	No. 15	No. 14	No. 13	No. 12	No. 11	No. 10	No. 9	No. 8	
Analog   Analog   Analog   Analog   Analog   Analog   Input No. 1   Input No. 2   Input No. 3   Input No. 4   I	8	Power Status								
Input No. 1	(Optional)	for Conn. H	for Conn. G	for Conn. F	for Conn. E	for Conn. D	for Conn. C	for Conn. B	for Conn. A	
Input No. 1	0	Analog	Analog Input							
No. 1 (MSB)	9	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1			Input No. 1		No. 1 (LSB)	
No. 1 (MSB)	10	Analog Input	Analog							
Input No. 2   Input No. 3   Input No. 4	10	No. 1 (MSB)	Input No. 1							
Input No. 2   Input No. 3   Input No. 4	11	Analog	Analog Input							
Input No. 2   Input No. 3   Input No. 4	11	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2		Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	No. 2 (LSB)	
No. 2 (MSB)   Input No. 2   Input No. 3   Input No. 4	12	Analog Input	Analog							
Input No. 3   Input No. 4	12	No. 2 (MSB)		Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2		Input No. 2	
Analog Input No. 3   Input No. 4   Input No.	12	Analog	Analog Input							
No. 3 (MSB)	13	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 3		Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	No. 3 (LSB)	
No. 3 (MSB)   Input No. 3   Input No. 4	14	Analog Input	Analog							
Input No. 4	14	No. 3 (MSB)	Input No. 3							
Input No. 4	15	Analog	Analog Input							
No.4 (MSB)	15	Input No. 4		Input No. 4	No. 4 (LSB)					
No.4 (MSB)	16	Analog Input				Analog	Analog	0	0	
Reserved   Reserved   Reserved   Reserved   For Conn. D   For Conn. C   For Conn. B   For Conn. A	10	No.4 (MSB)	Input No. 4						Input No. 4	
High Alarm   Low Alarm for   High Alarm   Low Alarm for   Conn. D   Conn. D   Conn. C   Conn. B   Conn. B   Conn. B   Conn. B   Conn. B   Conn. A   Conn. A										
Coptional   For Conn. D   Conn. D   For Conn. C   Conn. C   Conn. B   Conn. B   For Conn. A   Conn. A	(Optional)									
Discrete Input No. 7   No. 6   No. 5   No. 4   No. 3   No. 2   No. 1   No. 1   No. 0		0		0		0		0		
No. 7	(Optional)									
No. 7   No. 6   No. 5   No. 4   No. 3   No. 2   No. 11   No. 0	19									
No. 15 No. 14 No. 13 No. 12 No. 11 No. 10 No. 9 No. 8  21 (Optional) For Conn. H For Conn. G For Conn. F For Conn. E For Conn. D For Conn. C For Conn.										
No. 15 No. 14 No. 13 No. 12 No. 11 No. 10 No. 9 No. 8  21 Power Status (Optional) for Conn. H for Conn. G for Conn. F for Conn. E for Conn. D for Conn. C for Conn. B for Conn. A  22 Discrete Input No. 7 No. 6 No. 5 No. 4 No. 3 No. 2 No. 1 No. 1 No. 0  23 Discrete Input No. 15 No. 14 No. 13 No. 12 No. 11 No. 10 No. 9 No. 8  24 Power Status Po	20									
COptional   For Conn. H   For Conn. G   For Conn. F   For Conn. E   For Conn. D   For Conn. C   For Conn. B   For Conn. A										
Discrete Input No. 7 No. 6 No. 5 No. 4 No. 3 No. 2 No. 1 No. 0  Discrete Input No. 7 No. 6 No. 5 No. 4 No. 3 No. 2 No. 1 No. 0  Discrete Input No. 15 No. 14 No. 13 No. 12 No. 11 No. 10 No. 9 No. 8  Power Status Po										
No. 7 No. 6 No. 5 No. 4 No. 3 No. 2 No. 1 No. 0  Discrete Input No. 15 No. 14 No. 13 No. 12 No. 11 No. 10 No. 9 No. 8  Power Status Pow	(Optional)									
No. 7 No. 6 No. 5 No. 4 No. 3 No. 2 No. 1 No. 0  Discrete Input No. 15 No. 14 No. 13 No. 12 No. 11 No. 10 No. 9 No. 8  Power Status Pow	22									
No. 15 No. 14 No. 13 No. 12 No. 11 No. 10 No. 9 No. 8  Power Status Po	<u> </u>									
No. 15 No. 14 No. 13 No. 12 No. 11 No. 10 No. 9 No. 8  24 Power Status	23		-				_	-	_	
(Optional)   for Conn. H   for Conn. G   for Conn. F   for Conn. E   for Conn. D   for Conn. C   for Conn. B   for Conn. A										
	(Optional)	for Conn. H	for Conn. G	for Conn. F	for Conn. E	for Conn. D	for Conn. C	for Conn. B	for Conn. A	



### **Assumed Settings**

### 12.8 Example No. 5

- Double Z-Boards<sup>TM</sup> used with all valves
- I/O Modules and mapping schemes are identified by their corresponding color.
- I/O Status bits are enabled
- Diagnostic Word is enabled

### Manifold I/O Configuration

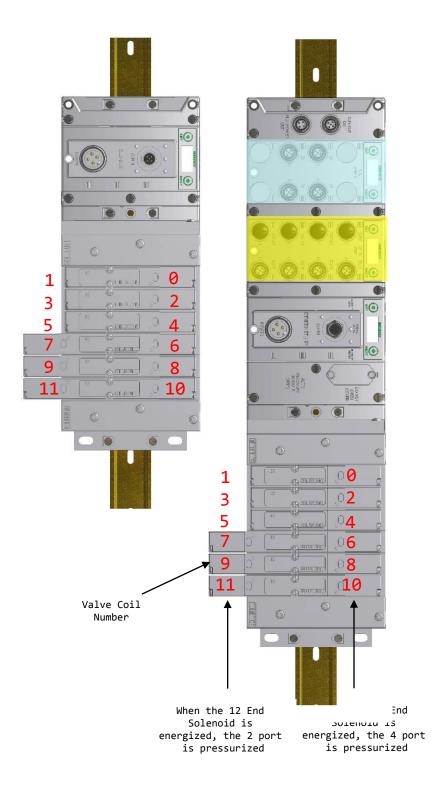
Pos	Madula Tuna	Part No.	In	Out			
No.	Module Type	Part INO.	By	vtes			
1	16I PNP	240-205	3	0			
2	4I Analog	240-212	10	0			
	Diagnostic Word						
Lo	4	4					
	Local Valves (DeviceNet) Local Valves (Sub-Bus)						

Total: 23 8

#### How to Order

Qty	Part Number
1	AK3EF00003NDRM
3	051BA4Z2MN00061
3	051BB4Z2MN00061
1	G3DN102D0G32
1	240-205
1	240-212
	ASSEMBLED

1	AK3EF00003NDRM
3	051BA4Z2MN00061
3	051BB4Z2MN00061
1	G3DS202R0DRM
	ASSEMBLED





Example No. 5 Table

	Output Table									
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
0	Valve Coil									
· ·	No. 7	No. 6	No. 5	No. 4	No. 3	No. 2	No. 1	No. 0		
1	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil		
1	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	No. 11	No. 10	No. 9	No. 8		
2	Allocated and									
2	Reserved									
,	Allocated and									
3	Reserved									
4	Valve Coil									
4	No. 7	No. 6	No. 5	No. 4	No. 3	No. 2	No. 1	No. 0		
	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil		
5	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	No. 11	No. 10	No. 9	No. 8		
6	Allocated and									
(Optional)	Reserved									
7	Allocated and									
(Optional)	Reserved									

				Input Tabl	e			
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	Comm. Module							
(Optional)	Diagnostic Bit							
1	Sub-bus							
(Optional)	Diagnostic Bit							
2	Coil No. 7	Coil No. 6	Coil No. 5	Coil No. 4	Coil No. 3	Coil No. 2	Coil No. 1	Coil No. 0
(Optional)	Status							
3	Coil No. 15	Coil No. 14	Coil No. 13	Coil No. 12	Coil No. 11	Coil No. 10	Coil No. 9	Coil No. 8
(Optional)	Status							
4	Coil No. 23	Coil No. 22	Coil No. 21	Coil No. 20	Coil No. 19	Coil No. 18	Coil No. 17	Coil No. 16
(Optional)	Status							
5	Coil No. 31	Coil No. 30	Coil No. 29	Coil No. 28	Coil No. 27	Coil No. 26	Coil No. 25	Coil No. 24
(Optional)	Status							
6	Discrete Input							
0	No. 7	No. 6	No. 5	No. 4	No. 3	No. 2	No. 1	No. 0
7	Discrete Input							
,	No. 15	No. 14	No. 13	No. 12	No. 11	No. 10	No. 9	No. 8
8	Power Status for							
(Optional)	Conn. H	Conn. G	Conn. F	Conn. E	Conn. D	Conn. C	Conn. B	Conn. A
9	Analog	Analog Input						
9	Input No. 1	No. 1 (LSB)						
10	Analog Input	Analog						
10	No. 1 (MSB)	Input No. 1						
11	Analog	Analog Input						
11	Input No. 2	No. 2 (LSB)						
12	Analog Input	Analog						
12	No. 2 (MSB)	Input No. 2						
13	Analog	Analog Input						
13	Input No. 3	No. 3 (LSB)						
14	Analog Input	Analog						
14	No. 3 (MSB)	Input No. 3						
15	Analog	Analog Input						
13	Input No. 4	No. 4 (LSB)						
16	Analog Input	Analog						
10	No.4 (MSB)	Input No. 4						
17	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Power Status for	Power Status for	Power Status for	Power Status for
(Optional)	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Conn. D	Conn. C	Conn. B	Conn. A
18	High Alarm for	Low Alarm for						
(Optional)	Conn. D	Conn. D	Conn. C	Conn. C	Conn. B	Conn. B	Conn. A	Conn. A
18	Coil No. 7	Coil No. 6	Coil No. 5	Coil No. 4	Coil No. 3	Coil No. 2	Coil No. 1	Coil No. 0
(Optional)	Status							
19	Coil No. 15	Coil No. 14	Coil No. 13	Coil No. 12	Coil No. 11	Coil No. 10	Coil No. 9	Coil No. 8
(Optional)	Status							
20	Coil No. 23	Coil No. 22	Coil No. 21	Coil No. 20	Coil No. 19	Coil No. 18	Coil No. 17	Coil No. 16
(Optional)	Status							
21	Coil No. 31	Coil No. 30	Coil No. 29	Coil No. 28	Coil No. 27	Coil No. 26	Coil No. 25	Coil No. 24
(Optional)	Status							



### 12.9 I/O Mapped Diagnostic Word

	Diagnostic Word Format										
BYTE         Bit 7         Bit 6         Bit 5         Bit 4         Bit 3         Bit 2         Bit 1         Bit 0											
0 (Comm. Status)	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Sub-Bus Short Circuit (1 = Error)	Sub-Bus Error (1=Error)	Un-Switched Power Status (1=Error)	Switched Power Status (1=Error)			
1 (Sub-Bus Status)	Error Code	Error Code	Error Code	Module Address	Module Address	Module Address	Module Address	Module Address			

### Byte 0 (Communication Status)

Byte 0, Bit 0 Switched Power Status = Bit is high when valve / output power is not present on the comm. module.

Byte 0, Bit 1 Un-switched Power Status = Bit is high when node / input power is below 19VDC

Byte 0, Bit 2 Sub-Bus Error = Bit is high when there is an error on the sub-bus; see "Byte 1" of diagnostic word for description.

Byte 0, Bit 3 Sub-Bus Short Circuit = A short circuit has been detected across the Sub-Bus



### I/O Mapped Diagnostic Word Continued

Byte 1 (Sub-Bus Status)

**Module Address** 

Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Description
0	0	0	0	0	No error
0	0	0	0	1	Communication Module
0	0	0	1	0	I/O module No. 1
0	0	0	1	1	I/O module No. 2
0	0	1	0	0	I/O module No. 3
0	0	1	0	1	I/O module No. 4
0	0	1	1	0	I/O module No. 5
0	0	1	1	1	I/O module No. 6
0	1	0	0	0	I/O module No. 7
0	1	0	0	1	I/O module No. 8
0	1	0	1	0	I/O module No. 9
0	1	0	1	1	I/O module No. 10
0	1	1	0	0	I/O module No. 11
0	1	1	0	1	I/O module No. 12
0	1	1	1	0	I/O module No. 13
0	1	1	1	1	I/O module No. 14
1	0	0	0	0	I/O module No. 15
1	0	0	0	1	I/O module No. 16
1	0	0	1	1	Communication Valve driver
1	0	1	0	0	ARM
1	0	1	0	1	MCM
X	X	X	X	X	N/A

**Sub-Bus Errors** 

Error Code	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5
0	0	0	0
1	0	0	1
2	0	1	0
3	0	1	1
4	1	0	0
5	1	0	1
6	1	1	0
7	1	1	1

Error Code 0 = No Errors

Error Code 1 = Lost communications between I/O module and communications module

Error Code 2 = Valve / Output power is below 19VDC

Error Code 3...7 = not defined / reserved



# 13. Appendix

## 13.1 System Specifications

Electrical Electrical		
Supply Voltage	Valves (2005, 2012, 2035): 24 VDC + 10%, -15% Node and Discrete I/O: 24 VDC ± 10%	
Current	Total current on the Auxiliary Power Connector ("Valves and Outputs" and "Node and Inputs" Pins) must not exceed 8 Amps.	
Internal Electronic Resettable Fuses	The Auxiliary Power Connector pins are each internally fused with an electronically resettable fuse. These fuses are set to the maximum current allowable through the G3 electronics.	
Recommended External Fuse	External fuses should be chosen depending upon manifold configuration. Please refer to power consumption chart on page 24 for additional fuse sizing information.	
Spike Suppression	Output spike suppression is internally provided for both discrete and valve outputs.	
Discrete Outputs	Maximum 0.5 Amps per output. All outputs are short circuit protected and have internal spike suppression. Contact factory for higher current requirements.	
Valve Solenoid Coil Output Drivers	Maximum 0.5 Amps per output. All output points are short circuit protected and have internal spike suppression.	
Operating Temperature for Electronic Components	23 to 114°F (-5 to 50°C)	



### 13.2 Factory Default Settings

Description	Default Settings
IP address	192.168.3.120 in FLASH
MAC Address	A unique alpha-numeric code for each node (00-15-24-XX-XX-XX).
Baud Rate	10/100 Mbit per sec. (Autobaud)
DHCP/BOOTP	Enabled
Communication Method	Full/Half Duplex (Auto Detect)
Valve Side Output Bytes	4 Bytes (32 Allocated Valve Coil Outputs)
Discrete I/O Side - I/O Bytes	Self-Configuring based on the I/O modules installed.



### 13.3 Troubleshooting

#### Communication Node

Symptom	Possible Cause	Solution
The wrong valve solenoid coils are being energized.	Z-Board <sup>TM</sup> type mismatch. Single Z-Board <sup>TM</sup> present where double Z-Board <sup>TM</sup> expected or vice versa.	Check that correct Z-Board <sup>TM</sup> types are installed. Check that ribbon cable (Output group No. 2) is connected to appropriate valve station.  See page 132 for bit mapping rules
Valve outputs do not energize.	Output power not present or connected improperly on Auxiliary Power connector.	Check for 24VDC on the +24 VDC (Valves and Outputs) pin of the MINI Auxiliary Power connector of the Comm. module.
Unable to go to the manifold's web page.	Bad cabling, incorrect computer settings, web server disabled etc.	Please see page 106
No Activity/Link LED	No network connection	Verify the type of cable (straight-thru or crossover) that is being used. Also, verify the wiring of the cable.

#### I/O Modules

Symptom	Possible Cause	Solution
Outputs remain on when communication is lost and/or PLC is in "Program" mode.	Communication Fault parameters set incorrectly. See page 128.	Check the communication fault/idle mode parameter setting to ensure that it is not set to "Hold Last Output State".



### 13.4 Glossary of Terms

The following is a list and description of common terms and symbols used throughout this document:

Term	Description
Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)	A protocol used to set an IP address using a MAC Address hardware address. This can be done in the command prompt window.
Bit	Smallest unit of digital information either a "0" or "1"
Bit Mapping	Chart showing which bit is connected to which physical input or output point.
Bootstrap Protocol (BOOTP)	A protocol used to set an IP Address, Subnet Mask, and Gateway using a server.
Broadcast	A transmission method that sends packets to multiple unspecified devices.
Byte	8 bits (1/2 word)
Comm. Fault	One or more of the I/O connections have timed out.
DLR	Device Level Ring
Discrete I / O	The inputs / outputs that are available via the "Discrete I/O" side of manifold.
Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)	A protocol used by a node to obtain an IP Address, Subnet Mask, and Gateway Address from a server.
EDS File	Electronic Data Sheet. A text file, which contains specific product information, definitions of product capabilities and configurable parameters necessary for operation on an EtherNet/IPTM network.
Explicit Messaging	Messaging that sends data to perform request/response functions.
Ground	This term is used to indicate an earth or chassis ground.
I/O	Any combination of inputs and outputs
Idle	A zero (0) length poll message (i.e.: scanner in program mode)
IGMP Snooping	See Implicit Messaging
Implicit Messaging	A function that that can control I/O messaging to another I/O device.
Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP)	A protocol used to keep local switches informed in a multicast group. Nodes that leave the group will no longer be sent packets of information from switches and routers.
Layer 2 (data link layer or level)	The data layer that physically refers to the frame format and addressing. A layer 2 address is an Ethernet address.
Layer 3 (network layer or level)	The data layer that refers to IP and the IP packet format. A layer 3 address is an IP address.
Link	A group of nodes with different MAC addresses. Segments connected by repeaters make a link. Links that are connected by routers make up a network.
MAC Address	Media Access Connection Address
MCM	<u>Manual Configuration Module.</u> A module that allows configurable parameters to be set manually via DIP switches and rotary switches. Not required if software configuration is used.
Multicast	A transmission where a packet is sent to all possible nodes of a certain subset.



### Glossary of Terms Continued

Term	Description
NEMA	National Electrical Manufacturers Association
Network	A group of nodes connected by a communication medium through repeaters, router, and gateways.
Node	A device on the network that contains a single MAC Address, which can communicate over a subnet.
Octet	8 bits of information. An IP address is made up of four octets.
ODVA	Open DeviceNet Vendor Association (www.odva.org)
Ping	A group of messages sent between a master and a slave that coordinates time.
Ping Request	A request to see if a device has received a message.
Ping Response	Response to a ping request.
Requested Packet Interval (RPI)	The frequency measure of the required transmission of data from the originating device to the target device.
RSNetWorx	Rockwell Automation's configuration software
Segment	Nodes connected to a continuous section of communication media.
Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)	A protocol used to monitor EtherNet devices, switches, routers, and networks connected by communication media.
Sinking (NPN)	Method of connecting electrical circuits in which the zero (0) volt DC side is switched and the common is positive
Sourcing (PNP)	Method of connecting electrical circuits in which the positive side is switched and the common is zero (0) volts DC.
Status Input bit	A bit in the input table that reports the health of a corresponding output. Indicates short circuit or open coil (load) diagnostics
Subnet	Nodes using the same protocol and shared media access arbitration.
System	Contains one or more domains.
Time to Live (TTL)	A method used in best-effort delivery systems to negate endlessly looping packets.
Unicast	A transmission where a packet is sent to a single node.
Word	2 Bytes (16 bits)
Z-Board <sup>TM</sup>	Circuit board installed in the valve manifold which electrically connects the valve solenoid to the electrical /electronics interface. Available in single or double solenoid versions.



## **NUM 27115** G3 Series EtherNet/IP Technical Manual

### 13.5 Technical Support

For technical support, contact your local Numatics distributor. If further information is required, please call Numatics Inc. Technical Support Department at (248) 596-3333.

Issues relating to network setup, PLC programming, sequencing, software related functions, etc. should be handled with the appropriate product vendor.

Information on device files, technical manuals, local distributors, and other Numatics, Inc. products and support issues can be found on the Numatics, Inc's. WEB site at <a href="https://www.numatics.com">www.numatics.com</a>



